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A quantitative study exploring the difference between gaming genre preferences

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Abstract

Although gaming technologies have been in use for more than thirty years, there is a lack of academic research in this area. Specifically, the purpose of this study is to identify the difference between age and gender in gaming genre preferences. A cross sectional online survey was administered with a sample size of 408. It was found that there is a statistical difference between age groups and their gaming preferences with the older generation focusing more on strategic gaming offerings while the younger generation tended to side more with action games. The findings of this study provide insights for game developers.

Key words: age differences; gender differences; video game; video game genre; leisure activities

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1: Introduction

Video games have been in use for over thirty years. The tennis game *Pong* first made its way onto TV sets in the mid-1970s, and since then the fad for video games has turned into an industry worth almost ten billion dollars (in US\$). Early video gaming machines had a limited number of games and thus were replaced by more versatile and computationally powerful machines. Some examples of such machines include the Nintendo NES (1986), Nintendo Gameboy (1989), and Sega Genesis (1989), as well as PlayStation (1995) and the Nintendo 64 (1996). More recent additions to the spectrum of available game consoles have included the PlayStation 2 (2000), X-Box (2001), X-Box 360 (2005), PlayStation 3 (2006), and most recently the Nintendo Wii (2006), and the X-Box 360 Kinect (2010).^{1,2}

The most recent generation of game systems (X-Box 360, PS3, and Wii) has enhanced interactivity and realism to previously unachieved heights, using processing speeds, graphics, sound, and interface devices far more sophisticated than earlier game systems. Further, unlike earlier generations of game consoles, more recent platforms have tremendously increased the libraries of games. For example, Sony claimed that more than 1,500 games have been created for the PlayStation since the first release of the original platform in September 1995; and the Imagine Games Network has reviewed over 30,000 games between 1996 and 2005 alone. Recently, a wide variety of

game genres have been developed. For example, *Doom*, a first-person shooter game, has been used to train military personnel to kill. Table 1 identifies and describes the game genres, and gives some example games in each category.³⁻⁵

The Entertainment Software Association, a professional organization for the U.S. video game industry, recently reported that 67% of Americans now play video games and that the average age of the American game player is 34 years. Similar numbers of players exist in Europe and gaming is even more popular in Asian countries (e.g. Japan and Korea). 41% of Americans have either purchased or planned to purchase one or more games in 2010. Accordingly, both the number of gaming technologies and the number of people playing video games increased significantly over the last thirty years. However the academic research that examines them is less well developed. Furthermore, it is important to note that the video game industry is growing as IT develops and interest in video games is rising. Consequently, the economic contribution of the video game industry in US is large.^{1,2,6,7}

Table 1: Video Game Genres and Descriptions⁸

Genre	Description	Examples
Strategy	Games that use strategic planning skills	<i>Command & Conquer, Civilization, Age of Empires</i>
Puzzle	Games that can be solved, no element of chance	<i>Tetris, Free Cell</i>
Fantasy/role playing	Games that let you assume a character role	<i>Final Fantasy, Legend of Zelda</i>
Action/adventure	Games where you go on an adventure	<i>Resident Evil, Tomb Raider, Assassins' Creed</i>
Sports	Games based on athletic teams and events	<i>NBA Live, FIFA, Pro Evaluation Soccer</i>
Simulation	Games where you create a simulation	<i>SimCity, Sims</i>
Racing/speed	Games that focus on going fast	<i>Need for Speed, Grand Turismo, Forza, Mario Kart</i>
Shooter	Games where you shoot other characters	<i>Call of Duty, BioShock</i>
Fighter	Games that focus on martial arts or hand to hand combat	<i>Street fighter, Mortal Combat</i>
Arcade	Games based on original arcade games	<i>Pac Man, Pinball</i>
Card/dice	Games that have an element of chance	<i>Solitaire</i>
Quiz/trivia	Games that test your knowledge	<i>Who wants to be a millionaire</i>
Classic board games	Video game versions of old-time favourites	<i>Monopoly</i>

The demographic profile for video gaming is diverse and transcends the teenage male stereotype as increasing numbers of women are entering the video game market. This paper is a response to De Schutter's (2011) call for more quantitative research solving sampling issues in regards to gaming genre studies. Therefore, the purpose of this study is to explore video game preference among different age groups and gender types. Consistent with this purpose, the research question is: are there any significant differences in a respondent's choice of gaming genre according to age and gender? If so, what are the differences in terms of age and gender preferences?"^{7,9}

2: Literature Review

2.1: Gender Differences

Several previous studies have addressed the issue of difference between genders in terms of selection of video games. Sherry and Lucas (2003) found that college males spent more time playing video games than females. As Wilder, Mackie, and Cooper (1985) revealed, at a young age children attribute certain video games as more appropriate for boys than for girls. Livingstone (2002), in a survey of British teenagers, found that about three-quarters of the male respondents had a game system at home, compared to about half the females, indicating that game play may be more popular among males across several age levels.¹⁰⁻¹⁸

As such we hypothesize that:

- Hypothesis 1 (H1): Males will spend more time playing video games than females;
- Hypothesis 2 (H2): Males will be multi-console users whereas females will be single console users.

Funk and Buchman (1996) noted that “the origin of gender differences in game-playing habits has not yet been established (p. 27).” Lucas and Sherry (2004) found that most video games paralleled the types of games that boys typically play and highlighted game contexts that appealed more to boys because of the rules and structure of those games. Therefore we hypothesize that:^{8,19}

- Hypothesis 3 (H3): Video game genre preferences will differ between males and females.

2.2: Age Differences

Gender differences have received significant academic attention in gaming research. However, very few studies have addressed whether individuals of different ages demonstrate differences in time spent playing video games. Given well-documented developmental differences across different-age ranges, it seems critical to explore age differences to best inform game producers and designers.

- Hypothesis 4 (H4): Video game playing time will differ among age groups, with younger individuals giving more time to video games than older individuals;
- Hypothesis 5 (H5): Video game genre preferences will differ by age.

Finally since female and males developmental stages differ throughout the aging process (Geary, 1998; Hayward, 2003), it is beneficial to explore the interaction between age and gender on playing time and genre preference. As a result, we hypothesize that:^{20,21}

- Hypothesis 6 (H6): There will be an interaction effect of gender and age on video game playing time and genre preference.

3: Methodology

3.1: Questionnaire

A self-administered questionnaire was created based on the information obtained from the literature review. Furthermore, a pilot study of the questionnaire was conducted among gamers to test the

efficacy and clarity of the questionnaire. Revisions of the questionnaire were made based on the recommendations of the respondents in the pilot study:

- The first section consisted of questions related to technology usage at home and business.
- The second section listed attributes related to video games such as behaviors toward gaming, preference of different game genres, average time spent for video games, and gaming consoles
- The third and final section of the survey consisted of demographic questions of gender, marital status, age, educational background, and job title. This study employed online survey methodology. The variables that were used in this study were gender, age, number of gaming consoles, game genre preferences as measured by strategy, racing, role playing, action/adventure, shooter, fighting, puzzles/cards, and sports video games. For hypotheses H1 & H2 the dependent variable was frequency of play and number of consoles respectfully while the independent variable was gender. For hypotheses H3-H6, the dependent variables were genre preferences as measured by questions such as, "How often do you play strategy video games (1=never, 7=daily)." The independent variables for these hypotheses were age and gender.

3.2: Sampling Plan

The target population consisted of US residents. An important and complex issue in sampling is to determine the appropriate sample size to be used. This determination largely depends on the statistical estimating precision needed by the researcher and the number of variables. Although larger sample sizes are preferred, a number of respondents of between 300 and 500 is usually recommended and accepted as the critical sample size for multivariate analysis (Pedhazur, 1997). The sample of 2500 Americans was drawn randomly from a national database by rent-a-list.com company.²²

3.3: Data Analysis

Data was coded and analyzed using the Statistical Packages for Social Sciences 18. The first part of the data analysis involved a demographic profile of respondents. Demographic data obtained from the questionnaires was tabulated using frequency tables, means, and percentages. Data analysis was conducted from 408 completed surveys. There were 655 surveys that were initiated but which were not completed. Lastly, net response rate was 16.3%.²³

3.4: Demographic Information of Sample

The demographic characteristics of the research sample are described in Table 2 (which is divided into sub-tables 2a to 2e). About 30 percent of the respondents were male while 66.4% were female respondents. The remaining did not specify their gender. The majority of the male respondents were married with children (40.0%) while only 21.3 percent of the female were single. Almost 30 percent of the respondents were between 35 and 44 years old. More than 20 percent of respondents were between 45 and 54 years old. There were few respondents younger than 25 (10.7%) or older than 65 (2.2%).

In terms of educational background of respondents, 134 (32.7%) respondents hold at least a bachelor's degree while 125 (30.6%) respondents indicated that they have some college degree. There were only 3 (0.7%) of the respondents hold a doctorate degree. The most frequent occupation reported by all respondents was management, professional, and related occupations. Almost 18% of the respondents were retired.

Table 2(a)

Gender	Frequency	Percent
Male	124	30.4
Female	271	66.4
Sub-total	395	96.8
Missing	13	3.2
Total	408	100.0

Table 2(b)

Age (years)	Frequency	Percent
<18	3	0.7
18 – 24	41	10.0
25 – 34	90	22.1
35 – 44	118	28.9
45 – 54	95	23.3
55 – 65	39	9.6
65 and over	9	2.2
Missing	13	3.2
Total	408	100.0

Table 2(c)

Education	Frequency	Percent
Less than high school	7	1.7
High school	69	16.9
GED/some college	125	30.6
2-year college degree	60	14.7
4-year college degree	97	23.8
Masters degree	29	7.1
Doctoral degree	3	0.7
Professional degree	5	1.2
Sub-total	395	96.8
Missing	13	3.2
Total	408	100.0

Table 2(d)

Marital status	Frequency	Percent
Single, never married	87	21.3
Married, no children	37	9.1
Married with children	163	40.0
Divorced	50	12.3
Separated	6	1.5
Widowed	9	2.2
Living with partner	43	10.5
Sub-total	395	96.8
Missing	13	3.2
Total	408	100.0

Table 2(e)

Occupation	Frequency	Percent
Management/professional and related	102	25.0
Service	34	8.3
Sales and office	43	10.5
Farming, fishing, forestry	1	0.2
Construction, extraction and maintenance	8	2.0
Production, transportation and material-moving	10	2.5
Government	19	4.7
Retired	22	5.4
Unemployed	72	17.6
Other	84	20.6
Sub-total	395	96.8
Missing	13	3.2
Total	408	100.0

4: Technology characteristics of respondents

Table 3 shows that about 23% of respondents are the ones who usually first try new technologies. Few respondents (6.1%) agreed that they are the ones who try new technologies last. The most frequent level of agreement for technology adaptation was agreement number 3 (37.0%) followed by agreement number 2 (26.2). This illustrates that the sample are indented to try new technologies.

Table 3: Technology Characteristics of Respondents (N = 408)

Level of agreement	F	%
1 (I am usually one of the first who tries new technologies)	93	22.8
2	107	26.2
3	151	37.0
4	32	7.8
5 (I am usually one of the last who tries new technologies)	25	6.2
Total	408	100.0

To discover the gamer profile of the respondents, answers were coded accordingly: if the respondents agreed that they never play video games, they are coded as “non-gamers”. Similarly, if they indicated the choices “Less than 4 times in the past year” or “Less than 4 times in the past year, but used to play more” they are selected as “casual gamers”. Correspondingly, respondents who agreed that they play “1-2 times per month” or “2 hours per week or more” are coded as hardcore gamers.

Table 4: Gamer Profile of the Respondents (N = 408)

Gamer profile	F	%
Non-gamer	88	21.6
Casual gamer	116	27.7
Hardcore gamer	204	50.7

Analysis results show that half of the respondents (50.7%) are hardcore gamers (See Table 4). In contrast, 21.6% of the respondents are non-gamers, 27.7% of the respondents are casual gamers. Likewise, Table 5 shows that, 24.5% of the respondents with the agreement which offers “I don’t play videogames and have no interest in ever playing”. Most frequent argument was “I enjoy playing videogames somewhat”. In the same way, 16.2% of the respondents enjoy playing video games a lot.

Table 5: Gaming Statements of the Respondents

Statement	F	%
I don’t play videogames and have no interest in ever playing	100	24.5
I don’t play videogames, but I’m somewhat interested	62	15.7
I don’t play videogames, but I’m very interested	18	4.4
I enjoy playing videogames somewhat	160	39.2
I enjoy playing videogames a lot	68	16.2

Around a quarter of the respondents indicated that they never play video games (Table 6). Alternatively, about 17% of the respondents play video games on a daily basis.

Table 6: Frequency of game playing

Frequency of game playing	F	%
1 (Never)	108	26.5
2	72	17.6
3	44	10.8
4	54	13.2
5	44	10.8
6	16	3.9
7 (Daily)	70	17.2
Total	408	100.0

5: Results

Hypothesis H1 stated that males spend more time playing video games than females. Independent t-tests were used to examine the differences among males and females. Table 7 illustrates that there is no statistical difference between males ($M=3.06$, $SD=1.632$) and females ($M=3.21$, $SD=1.474$) in terms of the length of time playing video games ($p>.1$, $t= -.828$, $df=218.117$). Therefore, the authors conclude that hypothesis 1 can be rejected.

Table 7: Independent samples test between males and females: "how often do you play video games?" (Hypothesis 1)

(Upper cells: equal variances assumed; Lower cells: equal variances not assumed)

Levene's Test for Equality of Variance (F)	t-test for Equality of Means							
	Significance	t	df	Signif. (2-tailed)	Mean difference	Standard error difference	95% confidence interval of the difference	
							(lower)	(upper)
5.352	0.021	-0.860	393	0.391	-0.142	0.165	-0.467	0.183
		-0.828	218.117	0.409	-0.142	0.172	-0.481	0.196

Hypothesis H2 stated that males are multi-console users whereas females are single console users. In order to test the differences between males and females in terms of number of consoles, an independent t-test was used. The results (Table 8) indicate that there is a significant difference between the number of consoles men and women ($p>.01$, $t=267.049$, $df=267.049$) owned with women ($M=1.8667$, $SD=1.79342$) owning more consoles on average than men ($M=1.3710$, $SD=1.58995$). Therefore in terms of hypothesis 2, the authors found statistical significance in the difference between males and females but not in the direction that the literature supported. Therefore hypothesis H2 was rejected with a note that a significant difference in number of consoles owned exists between genders.

Table 8: Independent samples test between males and females: % of consoles owned (Hypothesis 2)

(Upper cells: equal variances assumed; Lower cells: equal variances not assumed)

Levene's Test for Equality of Variance (F)	t-test for Equality of Means							
	Significance	t	df	Signif. (2-tailed)	Mean difference	Standard error difference	95% confidence interval of the difference	
							(lower)	(upper)
6.623	0.010	-2.638	392.000	0.009	-0.49570	0.18791	-0.86513	-0.12627
		-2.758	267.049	0.006	-0.49570	0.17972	-0.84955	-0.14185

Hypothesis 3 stated that video game genre preferences differ between males and females. In order to evaluate the effects of gender and age on gaming genre preferences we considered conducting a multivariate analysis of variance test (MANOVA). After checking the assumptions for multivariate

analysis, Kolmogorov–Smirnov test is not significant ($p > .05$), confirming that the data shows a normal distribution. Due to equality of covariance and Levene's test of homogeneity being significant we have failed two of the four basic assumptions of multivariate statistics.

As a result we utilized the Wilke's Lambda to translate our data set. Table 9 illustrates that gender was insignificant ($p > .1$, $F = 1.377$, $df = 9$; H_3 was rejected) while age was significant ($p < .001$, $F = 2.596$, $df = 54$; the authors fail to reject H_5) in explaining differences among video gaming genre preferences. Hypothesis 6 stated that there is an interaction effect of gender and age on video game playing time and genre preference. Our data revealed that there was also no interaction between gender and age ($p > .1$, $F = 0.972$, $df = 54$) and therefore H_6 was rejected. The gender variable accounted for approximately 4% of the variance in the dependent variables while age accounted for approximately 6% of the variance in the dependent variables. The interaction of gender and age explained approximately 3% of the variance in the dependent variables.

Table 9: statistical analysis of data

	Effect	Value	F	Hypothesis df	Error df	Significance	Partial Eta squared
Intercept	Pillai's Trace	0.524	42.052a	9.000	344.000	0	0.524
	Wilks' Lambda	0.476	42.052a	9.000	344.000	0	0.524
	Hotelling's Trace	1.100	42.052a	9.000	344.000	0	0.524
	Roy's Largest Root	1.100	42.052a	9.000	344.000	0	0.524
Gender	Pillai's Trace	0.035	1.377a	9.000	344.000	0.197	0.035
	Wilks' Lambda	0.965	1.377a	9.000	344.000	0.197	0.035
	Hotelling's Trace	0.036	1.377a	9.000	344.000	0.197	0.035
	Roy's Largest Root	0.036	1.377a	9.000	344.000	0.197	0.035
Age	Pillai's Trace	0.352	2.419	54.000	2094.000	0	0.059
	Wilks' Lambda	0.676	2.596	54.000	1758.657	0	0.063
	Hotelling's Trace	0.437	2.773	54.000	2054.000	0	0.068
	Roy's Largest Root	0.327	12.698b	54.000	349.000	0	0.247
Gender * Age	Pillai's Trace	0.147	0.972	54.000	2094.000	0.533	0.024
	Wilks' Lambda	0.861	0.972	54.000	1758.657	0.533	0.025
	Hotelling's Trace	0.153	0.972	54.000	2054.000	0.533	0.025
	Roy's Largest Root	0.065	2.508b	9.000	349.000	0.009	0.061

a: Exact statistic

b: The statistic is an upper bound on F that yields a lower bound on the significance level.

Design: Intercept + V111 + V112 + V111xV112

Hypothesis 4 stated that video game playing time differs among age groups, with younger individuals giving more time to video games than older individuals. Our results indicate that there is a significant difference in time spent playing video games between 18-24 years of age and 55-64 years of age ($M=1.72$, $SD=.332$), 25-34 years of age and 55-64 years of age ($M=1.57$, $SD=.288$), 35-44 years of age and 55-64 years of age ($M=1.15$, $SD=.277$). These results provided support for hypothesis H4.

Hypothesis 5 stated that video game genre preferences differ by age. As for video gaming genre preference, our survey indicates there are significant differences between:

- 18-24 and 45-54 years of age ($M=1.32$, $SD=.360$), 18-24 and 55-64 years of age ($M=2.07$, $SD=.431$), 25-34 and 55-64 years of age ($M=1.76$, $SD=.373$), 35-44 and 55-64 years of age ($M=1.52$, $SD=.359$) when exploring strategy video games;
- 18-24 and 45-54 years of age ($M=1.14$, $SD=.280$), 18-24 and 55-64 years of age ($M=1.46$, $SD=.335$), 25-34 and 45-54 years of age ($M=.82$, $SD=.225$), 25-34 and 55-64 years of age ($M=1.15$, $SD=.290$) in terms of racing video games; between 18-24 and 45-54 years of age ($M=1.20$, $SD=.335$), 25-34 to 45-54 years of age ($M=1.27$, $SD=.269$), 25-34 to 55-64 years of age ($M=1.44$, $SD=.348$) in terms of role playing video games;
- 18-24 and 45-54 years of age ($M=1.25$, $SD=.337$), 18-24 and 55-64 ($M=1.59$, $SD=.403$), 25-34 and 55-64 years of age ($M=1.26$, $SD=.350$) in terms of action/adventure video games; 18-24 and 55-64 years of age ($M=1.33$, $SD=.369$) in terms of shooter video games;
- 18-24 and 45-54 years of age ($M=1.36$, $SD=.282$), 18-24 and 55-64 years of age ($M=1.60$, $SD=.337$), 25-34 and 45-54 years of age ($M=.93$, $SD=.227$), 25-34 and 55-64 years of age ($M=1.17$, $SD=.293$) in terms of fighting video games; and,
- 25-34 and 55-64 years of age ($M=1.22$, $SD=3.23$) in terms of sports video games.

Therefore, based on the above results (refer to the appendices at end of paper) Hypothesis H5 was also supported.

6: Conclusion and implications

Through this study the authors have shown that on average there is no statistically significant difference between the amount of time men and women spend playing video games. This implies that video game producers should shift their gaze away from just males and focus more on both male and female gaming software. There was a statistically significant difference between the number of gaming consoles owned between men and women; however, this was not in the direction that prior literature indicates.

This study showed that women owned more gaming consoles than men. This provides an opportunity for console producers to create designs more appealing to the female demographic. It was also indicated that there is no statistically significant difference between video gaming preferences of men and women. This would lend support to the Entertainment Software Associations 2010 report indicating that gender does not matter as everyone is simply looking to join the party and begin playing. The authors supported their claim that there was a statistically significant difference between age groups in terms of playing time with the younger generation playing more than the older generation. The divide appeared to occur between the ages of 34 and 35. This offers an opportunity for video game console and software makers to switch the paradigm by specifically targeting this

particular segment. While the reasons for this drop off are unknown, one can possibly assume that it has to do with family obligations offering an opportunity to make family oriented games. Further, the authors found statistical support that there is a difference between age groups and their gaming preferences with the older generation focusing more on strategic gaming offerings while the younger generation tended to side more with action games.

Combining this notion with the previous statement, one can make the assumption that at the age of 35, if they are continuing to play games, the games played are more strategic in nature. Video game creators have an opportunity to create action games that contain a significant amount of strategy that would appeal to the 35 and older crowd.

7: Limitations and future research

Because the phenomenon studied is a developing medium, a portion of this work is time-bound, as is any survey, to the period when data were collected. Furthermore the sample was drawn from rent-a-list.com company. Therefore, the findings cannot be generalized beyond that target population. In addition, it was assumed that respondents completed the questionnaire objectively. As the medium of video games undergoes continuing significant changes, there is need to replicate such work over time and to continue to address the many significant issues that remain unexamined, much as the course of television research has progressed over 50 years. New innovative technologies such as motion capture cameras (see Xbox *Kinect*) and faster processors will continue to change gaming; the research challenge is to explain better the underlying processes of game use. The findings of this study indicated that women own more gaming devices than men. There is a need for research to explore and explain this paradigm change. In addition, the impact of this change on social life of both men and women would make interesting research areas to study. Finally, there is a growing segment of mobile phone and tablet games. Future studies are advised to conduct studies in this growing market.

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APPENDICES

Tables: Scheffe Dependent Variable results

Column A: Age

Column B: other Age group

Column C: Mean Difference (the subtraction of age of individuals in
Column A, from age of individuals in Column B)

Column D: Std. Error

Column E: Significance

Columns F, G: 95% Confidence Interval (F = lower-bound; G = upper-bound)

Based on observed means.

The error term is Mean Square (Error) = 2.622.

*. The mean difference is significant at the .05 level.

APPENDIX i: "How often do you play video games?"

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
17 or young	18 to 24	-1.47	.865	.824	-4.55	1.62
	25 to 34	-1.32	.849	.876	-4.35	1.71
	35 to 44	-.90	.845	.980	-3.92	2.12
	45 to 54	-.70	.849	.995	-3.73	2.33
	55 to 64	.25	.868	1.000	-2.85	3.35
18 to 24	65 years and over	.62	.997	.999	-2.94	4.18
	17 or younger	1.47	.865	.824	-1.62	4.55
	25 to 34	.15	.278	1.000	-.85	1.14
	35 to 44	.57	.266	.603	-.38	1.52
	45 to 54	.76	.278	.274	-.23	1.76
25 to 34	55 to 64	1.72*	.332	.000	.53	2.90
	65 years and over	2.09	.592	.056	-.03	4.20
	17 or younger	1.32	.849	.876	-1.71	4.35
	18 to 24	-.15	.278	1.000	-1.14	.85
	35 to 44	.42	.209	.662	-.32	1.17
35 to 44	45 to 54	.62	.223	.263	-.18	1.42
	55 to 64	1.57*	.288	.000	.54	2.60
	65 years and over	1.94	.568	.073	-.09	3.97
	17 or younger	.90	.845	.980	-2.12	3.92
	18 to 24	-.57	.266	.603	-1.52	.38
45 to 54	25 to 34	-.42	.209	.662	-1.17	.32
	45 to 54	.20	.209	.989	-.55	.94
	55 to 64	1.15*	.277	.010	.16	2.14
	65 years and over	1.52	.563	.300	-.49	3.53
	17 or younger	.70	.849	.995	-2.33	3.73
55 to 64	18 to 24	-.76	.278	.274	-1.76	.23
	25 to 34	-.62	.223	.263	-1.42	.18
	35 to 44	-.20	.209	.989	-.94	.55
	55 to 64	.95	.288	.093	-.08	1.98
	65 years and over	1.32	.568	.495	-.71	3.35
65 years+	17 or younger	-.25	.868	1.000	-3.35	2.85
	18 to 24	-1.72*	.332	.000	-2.90	-.53
	25 to 34	-1.57*	.288	.000	-2.60	-.54
	35 to 44	-1.15*	.277	.010	-2.14	-.16
	45 to 54	-.95	.288	.093	-1.98	.08
	65 years and over	.37	.597	.999	-1.76	2.50
	17 or younger	-.62	.997	.999	-4.18	2.94
	18 to 24	-2.09	.592	.056	-4.20	.03
	25 to 34	-1.94	.568	.073	-3.97	.09
	35 to 44	-1.52	.563	.300	-3.53	.49
	45 to 54	-1.32	.568	.495	-3.35	.71
	55 to 64	-.37	.597	.999	-2.50	1.76

Appendix ii: "How often do you play strategy video games?"

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
17 or younge	18 to 24	-.91	1.122	.995	-4.91	3.10
	25 to 34	-.60	1.101	1.000	-4.53	3.34
	35 to 44	-.35	1.097	1.000	-4.27	3.56
	45 to 54	.42	1.101	1.000	-3.52	4.35
	55 to 64	1.17	1.126	.983	-2.85	5.19
18 to 24	65 years and over	1.38	1.293	.980	-3.24	6.00
	17 or younger	.91	1.122	.995	-3.10	4.91
	25 to 34	.31	.360	.993	-.97	1.60
	35 to 44	.56	.345	.856	-.68	1.79
	45 to 54	1.32*	.360	.038	.04	2.61
25 to 34	55 to 64	2.07*	.431	.001	.54	3.61
	65 years and over	2.29	.768	.184	-.45	5.03
	17 or younger	.60	1.101	1.000	-3.34	4.53
	18 to 24	-.31	.360	.993	-1.60	.97
	35 to 44	.24	.271	.992	-.72	1.21
35 to 44	45 to 54	1.01	.289	.060	-.02	2.04
	55 to 64	1.76*	.373	.001	.43	3.09
	65 years and over	1.98	.737	.307	-.66	4.61
	17 or younger	.35	1.097	1.000	-3.56	4.27
	18 to 24	-.56	.345	.856	-1.79	.68
45 to 54	25 to 34	-.24	.271	.992	-1.21	.72
	35 to 44	.77	.271	.237	-.20	1.73
	45 to 54	1.52*	.359	.008	.24	2.80
	55 to 64	1.73	.730	.468	-.87	4.34
	65 years and over	1.42	1.101	1.000	-4.35	3.52
55 to 64	17 or younger	-1.32*	.360	.038	-2.61	-.04
	18 to 24	-1.01	.289	.060	-2.04	.02
	25 to 34	-.77	.271	.237	-1.73	.20
	35 to 44	.75	.373	.672	-.58	2.08
	45 to 54	.96	.737	.944	-1.67	3.60
65 years+	55 to 64	-1.17	1.126	.983	-5.19	2.85
	17 or younger	-2.07*	.431	.001	-3.61	-.54
	18 to 24	-1.76*	.373	.001	-3.09	-.43
	25 to 34	-1.52*	.359	.008	-2.80	-.24
	35 to 44	-.75	.373	.672	-2.08	.58
65 years+	45 to 54	.21	.774	1.000	-2.55	2.98
	55 to 64	-1.38	1.293	.980	-6.00	3.24
	17 or younger	-2.29	.768	.184	-5.03	.45
	18 to 24	-1.98	.737	.307	-4.61	.66
	25 to 34	-1.73	.730	.468	-4.34	.87
65 years+	35 to 44	-.96	.737	.944	-3.60	1.67
	45 to 54	-.21	.774	1.000	-2.98	2.55
	55 to 64					

Appendix iii: "How often do you play racing video games?"

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
17 or younger	18 to 24	-.18	.872	1.000	-3.30	2.93
	25 to 34	.13	.856	1.000	-2.92	3.19
	35 to 44	.44	.852	1.000	-2.60	3.49
	45 to 54	.95	.856	.975	-2.10	4.01
	55 to 64	1.28	.875	.907	-1.85	4.40
18 to 24	65 years and over	1.67	1.005	.839	-1.92	5.26
	17 or younger	.18	.872	1.000	-2.93	3.30
	25 to 34	.31	.280	.973	-.68	1.31
	35 to 44	.63	.268	.488	-.33	1.58
	45 to 54	1.14*	.280	.013	.14	2.13
25 to 34	55 to 64	1.46*	.335	.005	.27	2.66
	65 years and over	1.85	.597	.146	-.28	3.98
	17 or younger	-.13	.856	1.000	-3.19	2.92
	18 to 24	-.31	.280	.973	-1.31	.68
	35 to 44	.31	.210	.899	-.44	1.06
35 to 44	45 to 54	.82*	.225	.040	.02	1.62
	55 to 64	1.15*	.290	.018	.11	2.18
	65 years and over	1.54	.573	.307	-.51	3.58
	17 or younger	-.44	.852	1.000	-3.49	2.60
	18 to 24	-.63	.268	.488	-1.58	.33
45 to 54	25 to 34	-.31	.210	.899	-1.06	.44
	35 to 44	.51	.210	.441	-.24	1.26
	45 to 54	.83	.279	.181	-.16	1.83
	55 to 64	1.22	.568	.591	-.80	3.25
	65 years and over	1.95	.856	.975	-4.01	2.10
55 to 64	17 or younger	-1.14*	.280	.013	-2.13	-.14
	18 to 24	-.82*	.225	.040	-1.62	-.02
	25 to 34	-.51	.210	.441	-1.26	.24
	35 to 44	.33	.290	.974	-.71	1.36
	45 to 54	.71	.573	.955	-1.33	2.76
65 years+	55 to 64	1.28	.875	.907	-4.40	1.85
	17 or younger	-1.46*	.335	.005	-2.66	-.27
	18 to 24	-1.15*	.290	.018	-2.18	-.11
	25 to 34	-.83	.279	.181	-1.83	.16
	35 to 44	-.33	.290	.974	-1.36	.71
	45 to 54	.39	.602	.999	-1.76	2.54
	55 to 64	1.67	1.005	.839	-5.26	1.92
	17 or younger	-1.85	.597	.146	-3.98	.28
	18 to 24	-1.54	.573	.307	-3.58	.51
	25 to 34	-1.22	.568	.591	-3.25	.80
	35 to 44	-.71	.573	.955	-2.76	1.33
	45 to 54	-.39	.602	.999	-2.54	1.76
	55 to 64					

Appendix iv: "How often do you play role playing video games?"

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
17 or younger	18 to 24	-1.73	1.045	.842	-5.46	2.01
	25 to 34	-1.80	1.026	.799	-5.46	1.86
	35 to 44	-1.22	1.021	.963	-4.87	2.42
	45 to 54	-.52	1.026	1.000	-4.19	3.14
	55 to 64	-.36	1.049	1.000	-4.11	3.38
18 to 24	65 years and over	.00	1.205	1.000	-4.30	4.30
	17 or younger	1.73	1.045	.842	-2.01	5.46
	25 to 34	-.07	.335	1.000	-1.27	1.12
	35 to 44	.50	.322	.875	-.65	1.65
	45 to 54	1.20*	.335	.049	.00	2.40
25 to 34	55 to 64	1.36	.401	.076	-.07	2.80
	65 years and over	1.73	.715	.446	-.83	4.28
	17 or younger	1.80	1.026	.799	-1.86	5.46
	18 to 24	.07	.335	1.000	-1.12	1.27
	35 to 44	.57	.252	.520	-.33	1.47
35 to 44	45 to 54	1.27*	.269	.001	.31	2.24
	55 to 64	1.44*	.348	.010	.19	2.68
	65 years and over	1.80	.687	.337	-.65	4.25
	17 or younger	1.22	1.021	.963	-2.42	4.87
	18 to 24	-.50	.322	.875	-1.65	.65
45 to 54	25 to 34	-.57	.252	.520	-1.47	.33
	35 to 44	.70	.252	.264	-.20	1.60
	45 to 54	.86	.334	.358	-.33	2.06
	55 to 64	1.22	.680	.778	-1.21	3.65
	65 years and over	.52	1.026	1.000	-3.14	4.19
55 to 64	17 or younger	-1.20*	.335	.049	-2.40	.00
	18 to 24	-1.27*	.269	.001	-2.24	-.31
	25 to 34	-.70	.252	.264	-1.60	.20
	35 to 44	.16	.348	1.000	-1.08	1.40
	45 to 54	.52	.687	.997	-1.93	2.98
65 years+	55 to 64	.36	1.049	1.000	-3.38	4.11
	17 or younger	-1.36	.401	.076	-2.80	.07
	18 to 24	-1.44*	.348	.010	-2.68	-.19
	25 to 34	-.86	.334	.358	-2.06	.33
	35 to 44	-.16	.348	1.000	-1.40	1.08
	45 to 54	.36	.721	1.000	-2.21	2.94
	55 to 64	.00	1.205	1.000	-4.30	4.30
	17 or younger	-1.73	.715	.446	-4.28	.83
	18 to 24	-1.80	.687	.337	-4.25	.65
	25 to 34	-1.22	.680	.778	-3.65	1.21
	35 to 44	-.52	.687	.997	-2.98	1.93
	45 to 54	-.36	.721	1.000	-2.94	2.21
	55 to 64					

Appendix v: "How often do you play action/adventure video games?"

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
17 or younger	18 to 24	-1.84	1.051	.800	-5.60	1.91
	25 to 34	-1.51	1.032	.905	-5.20	2.17
	35 to 44	-1.16	1.028	.973	-4.83	2.51
	45 to 54	-.60	1.032	.999	-4.28	3.09
	55 to 64	-.25	1.055	1.000	-4.02	3.52
18 to 24	65 years and over	-.10	1.212	1.000	-4.42	4.23
	17 or younger	1.84	1.051	.800	-1.91	5.60
	25 to 34	.33	.337	.987	-.87	1.53
	35 to 44	.68	.324	.614	-.47	1.84
	45 to 54	1.25*	.337	.036	.04	2.45
25 to 34	55 to 64	1.59*	.403	.018	.15	3.03
	65 years and over	1.75	.720	.437	-.82	4.32
	17 or younger	1.51	1.032	.905	-2.17	5.20
	18 to 24	-.33	.337	.987	-1.53	.87
	35 to 44	.35	.254	.924	-.55	1.26
35 to 44	45 to 54	.92	.271	.079	-.05	1.88
	55 to 64	1.26*	.350	.046	.01	2.51
	65 years and over	1.42	.691	.649	-1.05	3.88
	17 or younger	1.16	1.028	.973	-2.51	4.83
	18 to 24	-.68	.324	.614	-1.84	.47
45 to 54	25 to 34	-.35	.254	.924	-1.26	.55
	45 to 54	.56	.254	.555	-.34	1.47
	55 to 64	.91	.336	.299	-.29	2.11
	65 years and over	1.06	.684	.878	-1.38	3.51
	17 or younger	.60	1.032	.999	-3.09	4.28
55 to 64	18 to 24	-1.25*	.337	.036	-2.45	-.04
	25 to 34	-.92	.271	.079	-1.88	.05
	35 to 44	-.56	.254	.555	-1.47	.34
	55 to 64	.35	.350	.986	-.90	1.59
	65 years and over	.50	.691	.998	-1.97	2.97
65 years+	17 or younger	.25	1.055	1.000	-3.52	4.02
	18 to 24	-1.59*	.403	.018	-3.03	-.15
	25 to 34	-1.26*	.350	.046	-2.51	-.01
	35 to 44	-.91	.336	.299	-2.11	.29
	45 to 54	-.35	.350	.986	-1.59	.90
	65 years and over	.15	.726	1.000	-2.44	2.74
	17 or younger	.10	1.212	1.000	-4.23	4.42
	18 to 24	-1.75	.720	.437	-4.32	.82
	25 to 34	-1.42	.691	.649	-3.88	1.05
	35 to 44	-1.06	.684	.878	-3.51	1.38
	45 to 54	-.50	.691	.998	-2.97	1.97
	55 to 64	-.15	.726	1.000	-2.74	2.44

Appendix vi: "How often do you play shooter video games?"

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
17 or younger	18 to 24	-1.44	.962	.895	-4.88	1.99
	25 to 34	-1.08	.944	.970	-4.45	2.29
	35 to 44	-.72	.940	.997	-4.08	2.64
	45 to 54	-.55	.944	.999	-3.92	2.82
	55 to 64	-.11	.966	1.000	-3.56	3.34
18 to 24	65 years and over	.19	1.109	1.000	-3.77	4.15
	17 or younger	1.44	.962	.895	-1.99	4.88
	25 to 34	.36	.309	.969	-.74	1.46
	35 to 44	.72	.296	.432	-.34	1.78
	45 to 54	.89	.309	.214	-.21	2.00
25 to 34	55 to 64	1.33*	.369	.046	.01	2.65
	65 years and over	1.63	.658	.409	-.72	3.98
	17 or younger	1.08	.944	.970	-2.29	4.45
	18 to 24	-.36	.309	.969	-1.46	.74
	35 to 44	.36	.232	.873	-.46	1.19
35 to 44	45 to 54	.54	.248	.588	-.35	1.42
	55 to 64	.97	.320	.165	-.17	2.11
	65 years and over	1.27	.632	.668	-.98	3.53
	17 or younger	.72	.940	.997	-2.64	4.08
	18 to 24	-.72	.296	.432	-1.78	.34
45 to 54	25 to 34	-.36	.232	.873	-1.19	.46
	35 to 44	.17	.232	.997	-.66	1.00
	45 to 54	.61	.308	.688	-.49	1.71
	55 to 64	.91	.626	.908	-1.32	3.15
	65 years and over	.55	.944	.999	-2.82	3.92
55 to 64	17 or younger	-.89	.309	.214	-2.00	.21
	18 to 24	-.54	.248	.588	-1.42	.35
	25 to 34	-.17	.232	.997	-1.00	.66
	35 to 44	.44	.320	.932	-.71	1.58
	45 to 54	.74	.632	.968	-1.52	2.99
65 years+	55 to 64	.11	.966	1.000	-3.34	3.56
	65 years and over	-1.33*	.369	.046	-2.65	-.01
	17 or younger	-.97	.320	.165	-2.11	.17
	18 to 24	-.61	.308	.688	-1.71	.49
	25 to 34	-.44	.320	.932	-1.58	.71
	35 to 44	.30	.664	1.000	-2.07	2.67
	45 to 54	.19	1.109	1.000	-4.15	3.77
	55 to 64	-1.63	.658	.409	-3.98	.72
	65 years and over	-1.27	.632	.668	-3.53	.98
	17 or younger	-.91	.626	.908	-3.15	1.32
	18 to 24	-.74	.632	.968	-2.99	1.52
	25 to 34	-.30	.664	1.000	-2.67	2.07
	35 to 44					

Appendix vii: "How often do you play fighting video games?"

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
17 or younger	18 to 24	-1.83	.879	.635	-4.96	1.31
	25 to 34	-1.39	.863	.856	-4.47	1.69
	35 to 44	-.88	.859	.983	-3.95	2.18
	45 to 54	-.46	.863	1.000	-3.55	2.62
	55 to 64	-.22	.883	1.000	-3.37	2.93
18 to 24	65 years and over	.00	1.014	1.000	-3.62	3.62
	17 or younger	1.83	.879	.635	-1.31	4.96
	25 to 34	.43	.282	.885	-.58	1.44
	35 to 44	.94	.271	.063	-.02	1.91
	45 to 54	1.36*	.282	.001	.35	2.37
25 to 34	55 to 64	1.60*	.337	.001	.40	2.81
	65 years and over	1.83	.602	.166	-.32	3.97
	17 or younger	1.39	.863	.856	-1.69	4.47
	18 to 24	-.43	.282	.885	-1.44	.58
	35 to 44	.51	.212	.452	-.25	1.27
35 to 44	45 to 54	.93*	.227	.011	.12	1.74
	55 to 64	1.17*	.293	.015	.13	2.22
	65 years and over	1.39	.578	.447	-.67	3.46
	17 or younger	.88	.859	.983	-2.18	3.95
	18 to 24	-.94	.271	.063	-1.91	.02
45 to 54	25 to 34	-.51	.212	.452	-1.27	.25
	35 to 44	.42	.212	.688	-.34	1.18
	45 to 54	.66	.281	.480	-.34	1.67
	55 to 64	.88	.572	.880	-1.16	2.93
	65 years and over	.46	.863	1.000	-2.62	3.55
55 to 64	17 or younger	-1.36*	.282	.001	-2.37	-.35
	18 to 24	-.93*	.227	.011	-1.74	-.12
	25 to 34	-.42	.212	.688	-1.18	.34
	35 to 44	.24	.293	.995	-.80	1.29
	45 to 54	.46	.578	.996	-1.60	2.53
65 years+	55 to 64	.22	.883	1.000	-2.93	3.37
	17 or younger	-1.60*	.337	.001	-2.81	-.40
	18 to 24	-1.17*	.293	.015	-2.22	-.13
	25 to 34	-.66	.281	.480	-1.67	.34
	35 to 44	-.24	.293	.995	-1.29	.80
	45 to 54	.22	.607	1.000	-1.94	2.39
	55 to 64	.00	1.014	1.000	-3.62	3.62
	17 or younger	-1.83	.602	.166	-3.97	.32
	18 to 24	-1.39	.578	.447	-3.46	.67
	25 to 34	-.88	.572	.880	-2.93	1.16
	35 to 44	-.46	.578	.996	-2.53	1.60
	45 to 54	-.22	.607	1.000	-2.39	1.94
	55 to 64					

Appendix viii: "How often do you play puzzles or cards video games?"

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
17 or younger	18 to 24	-1.64	1.248	.942	-6.10	2.81
	25 to 34	-2.61	1.225	.606	-6.98	1.77
	35 to 44	-2.26	1.220	.750	-6.62	2.09
	45 to 54	-1.89	1.225	.880	-6.27	2.48
	55 to 64	-1.22	1.253	.987	-5.70	3.25
18 to 24	65 years and over	-.24	1.439	1.000	-5.37	4.90
	17 or younger	1.64	1.248	.942	-2.81	6.10
	25 to 34	-.97	.401	.446	-2.40	.46
	35 to 44	-.62	.384	.853	-1.99	.75
	45 to 54	-.25	.401	.999	-1.68	1.18
25 to 34	55 to 64	.42	.479	.993	-1.29	2.13
	65 years and over	1.40	.854	.845	-1.65	4.45
	17 or younger	2.61	1.225	.606	-1.77	6.98
	18 to 24	.97	.401	.446	-.46	2.40
	35 to 44	.34	.301	.972	-.73	1.42
35 to 44	45 to 54	.71	.322	.554	-.43	1.86
	55 to 64	1.38	.415	.088	-.10	2.87
	65 years and over	2.37	.820	.217	-.56	5.30
	17 or younger	2.26	1.220	.750	-2.09	6.62
	18 to 24	.62	.384	.853	-.75	1.99
45 to 54	25 to 34	-.34	.301	.972	-1.42	.73
	45 to 54	.37	.301	.957	-.70	1.45
	55 to 64	1.04	.399	.341	-.38	2.47
	65 years and over	2.03	.812	.400	-.87	4.93
	17 or younger	1.89	1.225	.880	-2.48	6.27
55 to 64	18 to 24	.25	.401	.999	-1.18	1.68
	25 to 34	-.71	.322	.554	-1.86	.43
	35 to 44	-.37	.301	.957	-1.45	.70
	55 to 64	.67	.415	.856	-.81	2.15
	65 years and over	1.65	.820	.667	-1.27	4.58
65 years+	17 or younger	1.22	1.253	.987	-3.25	5.70
	18 to 24	-.42	.479	.993	-2.13	1.29
	25 to 34	-1.38	.415	.088	-2.87	.10
	35 to 44	-1.04	.399	.341	-2.47	.38
	45 to 54	-.67	.415	.856	-2.15	.81
	65 years and over	.98	.861	.971	-2.09	4.06
	17 or younger	.24	1.439	1.000	-4.90	5.37
	18 to 24	-1.40	.854	.845	-4.45	1.65
	25 to 34	-2.37	.820	.217	-5.30	.56
	35 to 44	-2.03	.812	.400	-4.93	.87
	45 to 54	-1.65	.820	.667	-4.58	1.27
	55 to 64	-.98	.861	.971	-4.06	2.09

Appendix ix: "How often do you play sports video games?"

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
17 or younger	18 to 24	-.68	.969	.998	-4.14	2.78
	25 to 34	-.86	.951	.992	-4.25	2.54
	35 to 44	-.62	.947	.999	-4.00	2.76
	45 to 54	-.15	.951	1.000	-3.55	3.24
	55 to 64	.36	.973	1.000	-3.11	3.84
18 to 24	65 years and over	.67	1.117	.999	-3.32	4.66
	17 or younger	.68	.969	.998	-2.78	4.14
	25 to 34	-.17	.311	.999	-1.28	.94
	35 to 44	.06	.298	1.000	-1.00	1.13
	45 to 54	.53	.311	.822	-.58	1.64
25 to 34	55 to 64	1.04	.372	.250	-.28	2.37
	65 years and over	1.35	.663	.658	-1.02	3.72
	17 or younger	.86	.951	.992	-2.54	4.25
	18 to 24	.17	.311	.999	-.94	1.28
	35 to 44	.24	.234	.984	-.60	1.07
35 to 44	45 to 54	.70	.250	.249	-.19	1.59
	55 to 64	1.22*	.323	.029	.07	2.37
	65 years and over	1.52	.637	.457	-.75	3.80
	17 or younger	.62	.947	.999	-2.76	4.00
	18 to 24	-.06	.298	1.000	-1.13	1.00
45 to 54	25 to 34	-.24	.234	.984	-1.07	.60
	35 to 44	.46	.234	.684	-.37	1.30
	45 to 54	.98	.310	.129	-.13	2.09
	55 to 64	1.29	.631	.656	-.97	3.54
	65 years and over	.15	.951	1.000	-3.24	3.55
55 to 64	17 or younger	-.53	.311	.822	-1.64	.58
	18 to 24	-.70	.250	.249	-1.59	.19
	25 to 34	-.46	.234	.684	-1.30	.37
	35 to 44	.52	.323	.861	-.64	1.67
	45 to 54	.82	.637	.948	-1.45	3.10
65 years+	55 to 64	-.36	.973	1.000	-3.84	3.11
	17 or younger	-1.04	.372	.250	-2.37	.28
	18 to 24	-1.22*	.323	.029	-2.37	-.07
	25 to 34	-.98	.310	.129	-2.09	.13
	35 to 44	-.52	.323	.861	-1.67	.64
	45 to 54	.31	.669	1.000	-2.08	2.69
	55 to 64	-.67	1.117	.999	-4.66	3.32
	17 or younger	-1.35	.663	.658	-3.72	1.02
	18 to 24	-1.52	.637	.457	-3.80	.75
	25 to 34	-1.29	.631	.656	-3.54	.97
	35 to 44	-.82	.637	.948	-3.10	1.45
	45 to 54	-.31	.669	1.000	-2.69	2.08
	55 to 64					