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College of Law Announcements, Three Years' Law Course

John B. Stetson University

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John B. Stetson University Bulletin

SUP. TO VOL. XXII NO. 6, JUNE, 1923

COLLEGE OF LAW

Announcements

THREE YEARS' LAW COURSE



1923-1924

JOHN B. STETSON UNIVERSITY

DELAND, FLORIDA

GO TO A LAW SCHOOL

"There is little, if any, dispute now as to the relative merit of education by means of law schools, and that to be got by mere practical training or apprenticeship as an attorney's clerk.

"The benefits which law schools offer are easily suggested, and are of the most superior kind. They afford the student an acquaintance with general principles, difficult, if not impossible to be otherwise obtained; they serve to remove difficulties which are inherent in scientific and technical phraseology, and they, as a necessary consequence, furnish the student with the means for clear conception and accurate and precise expression. They familiarize him with leading cases, and the application of them to discussion. They give him the valuable habit of attention; teach him familiar maxims, and lead him readily to survey the law as a science. Disputing, reasoning, reading, and discoursing, become his constant exercises; he improves remarkably as he becomes acquainted with them, and obtains progress otherwise beyond his reach."—From the Report of the Committee on Legal Education to the American Bar Association.

"The American Law Schools have convinced the profession that they do teach law in an efficient way, in a way which makes the man not only a better instructed lawyer, but a better practical lawyer."—Sir Frederick Pollock.

The lawyers of former generations got their preliminary training in an office. But in the words of Chief Justice Waite, "The time has gone by when an eminent lawyer, in full practice, can take a class of students into his office and become their teacher. Once that was practicable, but now it is not. The consequence is that law schools are now a necessity."

The young man who supposes that passing the bar examination makes him a lawyer, and who yields to the infatuation of entering an office to be initiated into the profession, will find that he has begun at the wrong end, and that he has mistaken the work of an office clerk for training in the law.

Stetson University



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COLLEGE OF LAW

JOHN B. STETSON UNIVERSITY
DELAND, FLORIDA

Annual Announcement
1923-1924

*If Interested in other Colleges and Schools
at Stetson write for bulletins*

John B. Stetson University
COLLEGE OF LAW

Faculty

1923-1924

LINCOLN HULLEY, Ph.D., Litt.D., LL.D.,
President, and Professor of Law.

G. PRENTICE CARSON, A.B., A.M., LL.D.,
Dean and Professor of History and Economics.

JAMES EDWIN FUTCH, A.B.,
Professor of Florida Pleading and Practice.

LEWIS H. TRIBBLE, A.B., LL.B.,
Professor of Law.

WILSON G. S. LOWE, C.E., LL.B.,
Professor of Law.

BENJAMIN M. HULLEY, A.B., A.M.,
Professor of Constitutional Law and International Law.

IRVING C. STOVER, M.O., A.M.,
Professor of Public Speaking.

Special lecturers will be brought to the Law School, 1923-24.

FACULTY

1923-24

President Hulley received degrees as follows: A.B., Harvard; A.B. and A.M., Bucknell; Ph.D., the University of Chicago; LL.D., Denison University. He taught Blackstone and the Constitutional Law of England and of the United States for eleven years in Pennsylvania. He has taught law at Stetson for fourteen years, and was acting Dean for six years, 1909-15.

Professor Carson took his bachelor's and master's degrees at Wesleyan University, in Connecticut, and has taught for over thirty years in Stetson. He holds the chair of History and Economics.

Professor Futch, Bachelor of Arts, has practiced law in Florida twenty-five years, and has familiarity with all kinds of questions of Florida pleading and practice.

Professor Tribble is a son of the former President of Columbia College, has had seven years experience as a practitioner in Florida, and is especially gifted as a teacher.

Professor Lowe has been a member of the Law Faculty at Stetson for six years. He has had thirty years experience as a teacher.

Professor Hulley received the Master's degree from Harvard University, and was for three years a Rhodes scholar at Oxford University, England.

Professor Stover, a Master of Oratory, will offer the Law Students instruction in elocution and oratory. One of Stetson's Law students won the prize in the Inter-Collegiate Contest in Oratory, embracing the Southern and Middle Western States.

AN OPEN LETTER TO ANY PERSON DESIRING TO STUDY LAW
AT STETSON

My Dear Sir:

Do you know—

(1) That the Stetson College of Law has increased its faculty and strengthened its work for the coming year, 1923-24?

(2) That the subject of Florida Pleading and Practice is taught in the Stetson College of Law by a man who is a college and law graduate, and who has had twenty-five years of active practice in the courts of Florida and has occupied a place of distinction before the Bench and Bar of the State?

(3) That Florida Law is taught in the Stetson College of Law by a College and Law School graduate who has been for a number of years eminently successful in Florida as a Florida lawyer?

(4) That the Practice Court in the Stetson College of Law is presided over by Judges familiar, from actual practice, with the Court Rules of Florida?

(5) That several of the most eminent Judges and Lawyers of Florida will be invited to deliver special lectures on legal subjects before the students of Stetson College of Law during the coming year?

(6) That the course of study in the Stetson College of Law is thorough and practical, and lays special stress on Florida Pleading and Practice?

(7) That the graduates of the Stetson College of Law have been wonderfully successful in the practice of law in the State, and that a number of them have already climbed to places on the Bench?

(8) That the Stetson Law Library contains one of the largest and best selected collections of books of legal reference to be found in any Law School Library in the entire Southeastern section of the United States?

(9) That the Stetson College of Law has departmental quarters in a building splendidly located on the campus, and thoroughly equipped?

(10) That the students of the Stetson College of Law enjoy many special privileges as students of one of the best organized and best known Universities of the South?

(11) That the University has a fine Dormitory for College and Law School men?

(12) That the Stetson Law students are given collegiate rank?

(13) That a goodly number of Stetson Law graduates have been elected to the Florida State Legislature and have served with honor in Congress and on the Bench?

If you have not received our literature, or in case you desire any special information, we will be very glad to have you write us, and we will be grateful to you also for sending us the names of any young people of your acquaintance who are interested in the study of law.

Very cordially yours,

LINCOLN HULLEY,
President.

College of Law

It is the purpose of this College to prepare students to practice law. In carrying out this purpose the effort is made not merely to familiarize the student with certain rules of law, but also to develop a legal mind and to train him in the art of legal reasoning. In this work three distinct methods of instruction may be used—the lecture system, the text-book system and the case system. At Stetson the instruction is not confined to any one system. Realizing that each of these methods has in it elements of good, the endeavor is made to combine in the course the good features of all.

RISEING LAW SCHOOL STANDARDS

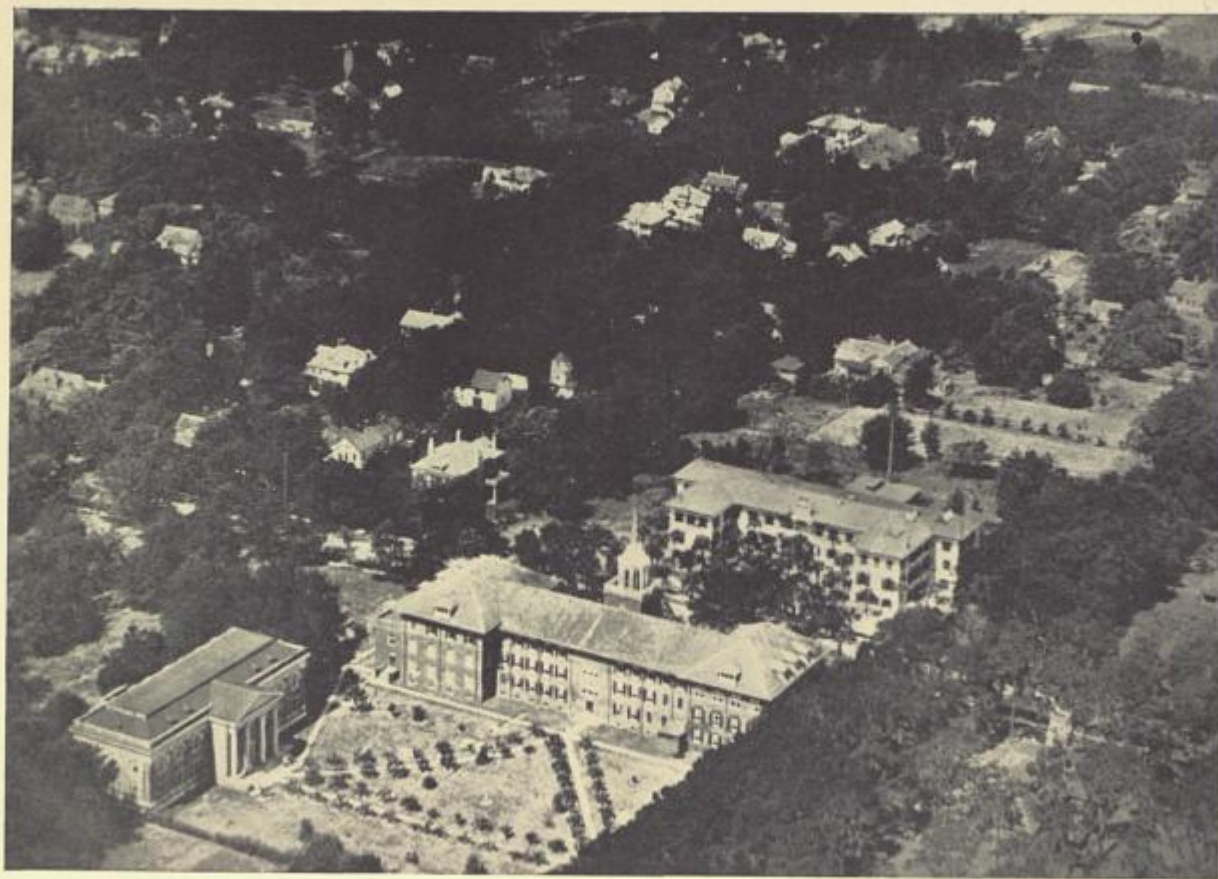
The American Bar Association and the American Association of Law Schools in 1921 adopted the following standards: Every candidate for admission to the Bar should give evidence of graduation from a law school complying with the following standards:

(a) It shall require as a condition of admission at least two years of study in a college.

(b) It shall require its students to pursue a course of three years duration if they devote substantially all of their working time to their studies, and a longer course, equivalent in the number of working hours, if they devote only part of their working time to their studies.

(c) It shall provide an adequate library available for the use of the students.

(d) It shall have among its teachers a sufficient number giving their entire time to the school to ensure actual personal acquaintance and influence with the whole student body.



AN AEROPLANE VIEW OF THE STETSON CAMPUS

Since the legal profession has to do with the administration of the law, and since public officials are chosen from its ranks more frequently than from the ranks of any other profession or business, it is essential that the legal profession should not become the monopoly of any economic class.

We endorse the American Bar Association's standards for admission to the Bar because we are convinced that no such monopoly will result from adopting them. In almost every part of the country a young man of small means can, by energy and perseverance, obtain the college and law school education which the standards require. And we understand that in applying the rule requiring two years of study in a college, educational experience other than that acquired in an American college may, in proper cases, be accepted as satisfying the requirement of the rule, if equivalent to two years of college work.

We believe that the adoption of these standards will increase the efficiency and strengthen the character of those coming to the practice of law, and will therefore tend to improve greatly the administration of justice. We therefore urge the bar association of the several states to draft rules of admission to the Bar carrying the standards into effect and to take such action as they may deem advisable to procure their adoption.

Whenever any state does not at present afford such educational opportunities to young men of small means as to warrant the immediate adoption of the standards, we urge the bar associations of the state to encourage and help the establishment and maintenance of good law schools and colleges, so that the standards may become practicable as soon as possible.

We believe that adequate intellectual requirements for admission to the Bar will not only increase the efficiency of those admitted to practice but will also strengthen their moral character. But we are convinced that high ideals of professional duty must come chiefly from an understanding of the traditions and standards of the Bar through study of such traditions and standards and by the personal contact of law students with members of the Bar who are marked by real inter-

est in younger men, a love for their profession and a keen appreciation of the importance of its best traditions. We realize the difficulty of creating this kind of personal contact, especially in large cities; nevertheless, we believe that much can be accomplished by the intelligent co-operation between committees of the Bar and law schools faculties.

We therefore urge courts and bar associations to charge themselves with the duty of devising means for bringing law students in contact with members of the Bar from whom they will learn, by example and precept, that admission to the Bar is not a mere license to carry on a trade, but that it is an entrance into a profession with honorable traditions of service which they are bound to maintain.

FOUNDING OF STETSON COLLEGE OF LAW

The college began its work in 1900. It has had the strongest support of the Florida Legislature, Bar and Bench from the beginning. *The next fall term begins September 12, 1923.*

The right to modify, without notice, the work and requirements of the College of Law, at any time, is reserved.

THE DEPARTMENT BUILDING

During the first two years the College occupied rooms in Elizabeth Hall. These quarters were necessarily cramped and entirely inadequate to the needs of the rapidly growing work. In October, 1902, the new Science Hall, a beautiful brick building two hundred feet long, eighty feet deep, and three stories high, was opened. The style of the building is of the Spanish Renaissance, with low, nearly flat roof, the brick walls being finished in grey stucco. The entire south half of its third floor is given up to the College of Law. This provides two large lecture rooms, a room for the Library, a Practice Court room, the Dean's office, and a hall for the Kent Club, the law debating society, thus furnishing ample room for the College of Law and giving it a home second to none in the South.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION

It is important for law students as a class to have the maturity, culture, and ethical ideals for which an American college education stands and all those who are able to complete a

college course before entering the Law School are advised to do so. The diploma of any reputable college will be received as evidence of sufficient preliminary education without examination. Other students who hold no diploma, but who have received such a training in the schools, or by private study, or other means, as to qualify themselves to begin the study of law may be admitted. All prospective students are requested to correspond with the dean, who will advise them fully upon the matter of admission.

ADMISSION AFTER 1923-24

No one will be allowed to enter the regular three-year law course, working for a degree in law, without first having obtained a high school diploma or its equivalent. After September, 1923, one year of a college course will be required. In another year the full requirement of the American Association of Law Schools will be enforced.

ADMISSION TO ADVANCED STANDING

Attorneys at law who have been admitted to practice in the courts of this State since the new law regulating admission to the bar went into effect will be admitted as special students without examination. Applicants for advanced standing must pass an examination in all subjects in which advanced credit is sought.

ADMISSION OF SPECIAL STUDENTS

Persons who are unable to comply with the above requirements are allowed to become special students, with the privilege of pursuing a selected course of study, but without the privilege of being enrolled as a candidate for a degree. They are permitted, under the guidance of the Dean, to select such subjects from the different courses as they are able to pursue with profit to themselves.

A like privilege is extended to all other persons desiring to take only certain courses offered in the College of Law. All persons admitted to the College of Law are admitted subject to all the general rules and regulations of the University and such special rules as the President of the University is empowered to enact and enforce.

The knowledge of law, and the discipline gained from a course of study in a law school is of the greatest value to those students who contemplate a business rather than a professional career. This class of students is increasing each year in all law schools.

EXAMINATIONS FOR ADMISSION

In the fall of 1923, examinations for admission will be held in the Law Building, September 12th and 13th, beginning at nine o'clock in the morning and at two o'clock in the afternoon of each day. The examinations of the first day will have reference to general education. The examinations on the second day will have reference to legal education, and will be confined to candidates for advanced standing. Applicants for advanced standing, unless exempt from the preliminary requirements, should be present at both of these examinations. Candidates should aim to present themselves on these days, as they are expected to be in attendance on the first day of the term, at which time the regular course of instruction will begin. No examinations for advanced standing will be given after the first month of the fall term.

COURSE OF STUDY

The course of study is a graded one and covers a period of three years of thirty-six weeks each. The College year is divided into three terms, the fall, winter and spring terms of twelve weeks each.

A Three-Year Law Course

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE.—The examination of title to real estate in Florida; opinions on abstracts; defects in deeds; master's deeds; tax deeds; sheriff's deeds; executor's, administrator's and commissioner's deeds; guardian's deeds; trustee's deeds; assignee's deeds; will and administration of estates; mortgages; judgment liens; tax liens; mechanics' liens; vendor's liens; attachment liens; plats and maps; powers of attorney; partition; ejectment; specific performance; suits to quiet title; municipal matters affecting titles.

ADMIRALTY AND MARITIME JURISPRUDENCE.—Origin and history of admiralty; general average and marine insurance; bottomery bonds, liens and repairs; stevedores contracts; canal tolls; salvage; charter parties; Harter Act; jurisdiction in matters of tort; steering and sailing rules; collision; priorities of maritime claims; pleading and practice.

AGENCY.—For what purposes an agency may be created; who may be principal or agent; appointment of agents and the evidence thereof; authority by ratification; delegation of authority by the agent; termination of the relation; nature and extent of the authority; construction and execution of the authority; duties of agent to principal; duties and liabilities of agent to third persons; duties and liabilities of principal to agent; duties and liabilities of principal to third person; duties and liabilities of third persons to agents; duties and liabilities of third persons to principal; special classes of agents.

BAILMENTS.—Bailments in general; legal results of the relation; mutual benefit bailments; extraordinary bailment.

BANKRUPTCY.—History and purpose of bankruptcy legislation; the courts having bankruptcy jurisdiction; who may become bankrupts, acts of bankruptcy; petition, proceedings and practice in bankruptcy; trustee's title to bankrupt's property; claims and their proof; the rights, duties and personal standing of the bankrupt; discharge of bankrupt; debts not released by discharge; general orders in bankruptcy; bankruptcy act. Three hours a week, one term. Text-books: Bay's Hand-book on Bankruptcy, Federal statutes and selected cases.



HOME OF THE LAW SCHOOL, STETSON UNIVERSITY

The apartments of the Stetson College of Law are on the third floor of this building. They include lecture and recitation rooms, a practice court, a Kent Club or law debating society hall, and the Dean's offices.

BILLS AND NOTES.—General consideration of the negotiable instrument law of Florida and more specifically, form and interpretation of negotiable instruments; consideration; negotiation; rights of holder; liability of parties; duties of holder, such as presentment for payment and notice of dishonor; discharge; bills of exchange, their acceptance, presentment and protest; promissory notes and checks.

BRIEF MAKING.—A course dealing with the various classes of law books, their purposes and uses, with instruction in the finding and collating of authorities and the preparation of briefs. Library work in finding cases and preparing briefs.

CARRIERS.—Bailment and undertaking; nature of undertaking; its beginning; facilities; performance; protection; delivery; liability; limitation of liability; excuses; end of undertaking; connecting services; charges; lien tickets.

CIVIL PROCEDURE.—A critical study of the fundamental problems of remedial law. The subjects taken up will include the jurisdiction and organization of courts, service of process, venue and appearance, problems relating to the use of the jury, simplification of pleadings, parties to action, methods of raising points of law, control of the court over the proceedings in the cause, discovery, reference and agreed case, settlement after action brought, declaratory judgments, summary judgments, special verdicts, interrogatories and findings, new trials, judgment notwithstanding a contrary verdict, appeal and error. The material used will consist largely of selected statutes and court rules taken from many jurisdictions.

COMMON LAW PLEADING.—Forms of action; parties to action; proceedings to an action; the declaration; production of the issue; materiality in pleading; singleness in pleading; certainty in pleading; consistency and simplicity in pleading; directness and brevity in pleading; miscellaneous rules.

CONFLICT OF LAWS.—A study of the conflict of laws with special reference to the recognition and enforcement of rights which have been acquired under the laws of another State.

CONTRACTS.—Nature and requisites of contracts in general; offer and acceptance; contracts under seal; statute of frauds; consideration; capacity of parties, reality of consent;

legality of object; operation, interpretation, and discharge of contract.

QUASI-CONTRACTS.—The doctrine of unjust gains; recovery of benefits conferred under various forms of constraint and mistake, and in performance of contracts which are unenforceable by reason of illegality, the statute of frauds, impossibility of performance or breach; waiver of tort and restitution as a remedy for a breach of contract.

CONVEYANCING.—Express and implied agreements as to title; sufficiency of the deed of conveyance; acknowledgment; relinquishment of dower; judicial sales; sheriff's sales; sales by executors and administrators; tax sales; covenants for title; statutory forms; abstract of title; defects in titles; good titles; doubtful titles; absolutely bad titles; Florida discussions regarding titles.

COPYRIGHTS, PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS.—These subjects are treated as part of the work in United States Law.

CORPORATIONS, MUNICIPAL.—Creation of public corporations; legislative control over public corporations; constitutional limitations upon legislative power over public corporations; municipal securities and indebtedness; mode and agencies of corporate action; liabilities of public corporations in tort and contract; municipal duties relating to government officers.

CORPORATIONS, PRIVATE.—Nature of a corporation; creation and citizenship of corporations; effect of irregular incorporation; relation between corporation and its promoters; powers and liabilities of corporations; the corporation and the State; dissolution of corporations; membership in corporations; officers and agents of corporations; rights and remedies of creditors; foreign corporations.

CORPORATIONS, PUBLIC SERVICE.—A study of the rights, duties, and regulation of utilities affected with a public interest, including valuation and rate regulation, but excluding the law of common carriers in so far as it has been treated in the course of Bailments and Carriers.

CRIMINAL LAW.—Sources of criminal law; common law and statutory offenses; criminal acts; intent in general and as affected by insanity, intoxication, infancy, coercion, ignorance

or mistake; justification; necessity; agency; consent; condonation; contributory acts; domestic relations; parties in crime; jurisdiction; crimes against the person, property, public health, peace, justice, decency and morality.

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.—Apprehension of persons and property; preliminary examination, bail and commitment; mode of accusation; time of prosecution; *nolle prosequi*; pleading; proof, variance; motion to quash; arraignment; demurrer and pleas of defendant; trial and verdict; proceedings after verdict; evidence; habeas corpus.

DAMAGES.—Definition and distinctions; classes of damages; damages for non-payment of money; damages for breach of contracts respecting personal property and real property; damages for breach of contracts respecting personal services, damages in actions against carriers; damages in actions against telegraph companies; damages for causing death of a person; damages for injuries to real property; damages for injuries to personal property; damages for personal injuries; damages for libel, slander, false imprisonment, and malicious prosecution; costs and expenses as damages; pecuniary circumstances of parents as affecting amount of damages; aggravation and mitigation of damages; excessive and insufficient damages.

DOMESTIC RELATIONS OR PERSONS.—Husband and wife; marriage and divorce; incidents of marital relation as between spouses and against third parties; husband's liability for torts and contracts of wife; incapacities of wife; statutory changes in common law. Parent and child; custody; support; earnings and services; parental rights against third parties; parental liability for torts of or to children. Infants; contracts and conveyances; necessities, affirmance, disaffirmance, restoration of benefits, particular obligations; torts; crimes.

EQUITY JURISPRUDENCE.—The origin and history of equity jurisdiction; general maxims; equitable titles, including an exhaustive study of trusts and of the powers, duties and liabilities of trustees. Grounds for relief in equity; equitable remedies, including reformation, rescission and cancellation, specific performance, injunctions and receivers, equitable estoppel; election; satisfaction; notice; priorities and subrogation.

EQUITY PLEADING.—Equity pleading in general; parties; proceedings in an equitable suit; bills in equity; disclaimer; demurrer; plea, answer, replication.

EVIDENCE.—Rules of admission; rules of exclusion; facts judicially noticed; oral evidence and when excluded, burden of proof; right to begin; competency of witnesses; examination of witnesses; production of documents; production of persons and things; examination in chief; cross-examinations; re-examination.

EXECUTORS AND ADMINISTRATORS.—Appointment and qualification of executors and administrators; assets and inventory of the estate; general powers, duties and liabilities of executors and administrators as to personal assets; payments and distribution; general powers, duties and liabilities of executors and administrators as to real estate; accounting and allowances; Text-books: Croswell on Executors and Administrators and selected cases.

FEDERAL CONSTITUTIONAL LAW.—United States and the States; establishment and amendment of constitution; construction and interpretation of constitutions; three departments of government; federal jurisdiction; powers of Congress; establishment of republican government; executive, judicial and legislative power of the States; the police power; power of taxation; right of eminent domain; civil rights and their protection by the constitutions; political and public rights; constitutional guaranties in criminal cases; laws impairing the obligation of contracts; retroactive laws.

FEDERAL PROCEDURE.—The source of federal jurisdiction; criminal and miscellaneous jurisdiction of the district court; procedure in district court; courts of original jurisdiction; federal courts of law and equity; appellate jurisdiction of circuit court of appeals and supreme court; removal of causes; federal statutes, equity rules and judicial code. Three hours a week, one term. Text-books: Hughes on Federal Procedure, Federal statutes and selected cases.

FLORIDA CONSTITUTIONAL LAW.—This is a course in the constitution of 1887. The students are drilled in the doctrine of state rights, in the declaration of rights, in the boundaries, distribution of powers, the legislative and judicial departments

and in the contents of all the remaining articles of the Florida Constitution with special and extended attention to taxation and finance.

FLORIDA COURT RULES.—This course is based on the rules of practice for the government of the circuit and supreme courts of Florida. Every Florida lawyer should know the important decisions of the supreme court of the State of Florida establishing and construing court rules.

FLORIDA PLEADING AND PRACTICE.—Instruction is given in every course in pleading and practice in Florida courts. This field was ably covered by Honorable Louis C. Massey when he was a professor of law at Stetson and his work is still available. Special attention is given to this subject throughout the entire three years.

FLORIDA STATUTES.—The divisions, parts, titles, chapters, sub-chapters and articles of the revised general statutes of Florida are the subjects of study in this course. Special emphasis will be given to state's rights, state organization, taxation and finance.

INSURANCE.—Fire, life and accident insurance, with respect to: insurable interest; concealment; misrepresentation; warranties; other causes of invalidity of contract; amount of recovery; subrogation, conditions; waiver, estoppel, election, and powers of agents; assignees and beneficiaries.

INTERNATIONAL LAW.—The elements of international law; international law and diplomacy; United States treaties and foreign policies; international law as administered by the courts and as observed in international negotiations; selected cases in international law.

LEGAL ETHICS.—The basis of this course is the platform of principles set forth by the American Bar Association in regard to a lawyer's duty to the profession, to the court, to the client and to the State. The highest ideals are impressed on the student to teach him that he is the servant of the state and of the people, that the law is a trust calling for the highest standards of honor.

LEGAL MAXIMS.—Broome's Legal Maxims as prescribed by the supreme court of the State of Florida are used as the basis of this work.

LEGAL SEARCH AND PROBLEMS.—Sources and repositories of the law; how to find the law; analysis of facts; use of digests, reporters' statutes, text-books, encyclopedias and selected cases; methods of finding the law based upon the principle of law and based upon facts; how to analyze the case in hand; decisions as precedents; extracting doctrine of the case; presenting the law; force of precedents; stare decisis; the trial brief.

MORTGAGES.—Essential elements of legal and equitable mortgages; rights of mortgagor and mortgagee at law and in equity; title, possession, dower, courtesy, waste, priorities, collateral agreements, foreclosure redemption, extension, assignment, and discharge of mortgages.

PARTNERSHIP.—Definitions and distinctions; for what purposes a partnership may be created; who may be partners; contract of partnership and its evidence; true partnership; quasi partnerships; articles of partnership; firm name; goodwill; capital of firm; property of the firm; rights and duties of partners toward each other; actions at law between partners; action in equity between partners; powers of partners; who are bound by the acts of a partner; liability of a firm for acts of its servants and agents; nature and extent of liability of partners, actions by and against the firm; termination of the partnership; notice of the dissolution; effect of dissolution upon the powers of partners; lien of partners; special agreements between partners at dissolution; application of partnership assets; final accounting; limited partnerships.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.—Distinction between real and personal property; acquisition of rights; gift; bailment; lien; pledge; fixtures; emblems.

REAL PROPERTY.—Tenure, estates, seisin, future and incorporeal interests, joint ownership, disseisin, uses and trusts; adverse possession, prescription, accretion; mode of conveyance; execution of deeds; description of property; creation of easements; estates created; covenants for title; estoppel; priority, notice, and record.

REMEDIES.—General theory of actions as remedies; recovery of damages for breach of obligation; recovery of debt; recovery of chattels; recovery of land. Steps in actions; func-

tions of judge and jury. Scope of covenant, debt, detinue, account, trespass, trover, replevin, ejectment, trespass on the case (tort and contract).

SALES.—Sale and contract to sell; Statute of Frauds; conditions and warranties and remedies for their breach; delivery, acceptance and receipt; seller's lien; stoppage *in transitu*; bills of lading and *jus disponendi*; factor's acts.

SURETYSHIP.—Kinds of suretyship; statute of frauds; surety's defenses due to original defects in his obligation or its subsequent discharge; surety's right of subrogation, indemnity, contribution, and exoneration; creditor's right to surety's securities.

TORTS.—Nature; harms that are not torts; parties to tort actions; remedies; discharge of torts; assault and battery; wrongful disturbance of family relations; defamation; trespass to property; trover and conversion; deceit and kindred torts; nuisance; negligence.

TRUSTS.—Nature and requisites of a trust; express, resulting, and constructive trusts; charitable trusts; appointment and office of trustee; nature of cestui's interest; transfer of trust property by trustee or by cestui; cestui's interest as affected by death, marriage, or bankruptcy of trustee or by cestui; duties of trustee; extinguishment of trust; removal or resignation of trustee; accounting; assignment of choses in action.

WILLS.—Nuncupative, holographic, and conditional wills; agreement to make wills; who may be testator; restraint upon power of testamentary disposition; mistake; fraud and undue influence; execution, revocation, republication, probate and construction of wills; legacies; payment of testator's debts.

PRACTICE COURT.—A well organized Practice Court will be a regular feature of the course, and the work in it will be emphasized. Beginning with the Winter Term, weekly sessions of the Court will be held. The moot court has been presided over by competent legal talent. The object of the course in the Practice Court is to give the student practical instruction in pleading and practice at law and in equity, and actual experience in the preparation and trial of cases, thus removing the main objection raised to law school training, that it is

theoretical and not practical. The work in the Practice Court is divided into three classes of cases.

First. Cases arising upon statements of facts prepared and assigned to the students, upon which they are to issue, serve and return process, prepare pleadings and bring the case to an issue on a question of law. The case is first heard on the pleadings and the questions arising thereon are argued and disposed of. At the second hearing, after the pleadings have been approved, the case is argued and decided on the question of law involved, the facts being admitted.

Second. In the second class, actual controversies are arranged and assigned for trial as issues of fact. The students are here required to issue the proper process and prepare and file the pleadings necessary to produce an issue of fact. They then subpoena the witnesses, impanel the jury, examine the witnesses and argue the case to the court and jury.

Third. In this class the necessary papers are prepared to bring the case before the Supreme Court for review, and the legal questions arising in the lower court are argued and decided.

EXAMINATIONS

It is the desire of the Faculty to characterize the work of the College of Law by its completeness and thoroughness. As one means to this end, two days are set apart at the close of each term for the examination of all students upon the work of the term. The examinations are in writing and are rigid and searching, but are not final. During the last week of the Senior year, if the President requires it, all members of the Senior class must pass an examination in *all subjects* given in the course and attain a minimum average grade of 75 per cent in each subject in order to be recommended for a degree.

LAW LIBRARY

Through the generosity of the bar of Florida the College of Law was enabled to begin its career with a good working Library, including the reports of the Florida Supreme Court, the United States Supreme Court, the American Decisions, the American Reports and American State Reports, the Digest and Statutes of the State and the United States, and many of the leading text-books and books of reference. Since the

year 1900, the reprint of the English reports, and also the National Reporter System complete have been added. The National Reporter System, issued by the West Publishing Company, gives every case decided in the court of last resort of every State in the Union since about 1870. This, with the selected cases before mentioned, and the American Digest System complete, and the Cyclopedia of Law and Procedure, affords most excellent facilities for the study of case law of the American States. The Class of 1903 left to the College of Law, as a memorial, the Chancery Reports of the State of New York; the Class of 1905, the New York Common Law Reports; the Class of 1906, the Lawyer's Reports Annotated; and the Class of 1907, the Michigan Reports up to the Northwestern Reporter. We also have the New Jersey Law Reports and the New Jersey Equity Reports, and a complete set, 224 volumes, of the Pennsylvania Reports, the gift of Hon. N. H. Larzelere, of Norristown, Pa., and the Illinois and Massachusetts Reports. We now have the complete unabridged edition of Federal Statutes Annotated, 13 volumes and supplements. During the past year we have added a well assorted collection of new text-books, from books and works on pleadings. Important additions will be made to the Library during the coming year. There are now over three thousand bound volumes in the Law Library, not including Law reviews.

The students of the College of Law have access to the General Library of the University.

PHI ALPHA DELTA FRATERNITY

The Brewer Chapter of the largest national legal fraternity, Phi Alpha Delta, entered the Stetson College of Law in 1915. This is the first chapter of a national legal fraternity in the far South. Several of the prominent jurists of the State have become honorary members since the founding of this Chapter.

THE SIGMA NU PHI FRATERNITY

The John Marshall Chapter of the Sigma Nu Phi legal fraternity, was installed at Stetson University on April 23d, 1921. This fraternity is making rapid strides, and bids fair to become very strong in its chosen field.

PHI DELTA DELTA FRATERNITY

The Rho Chapter of Phi Delta Delta, the national legal fraternity for women was established at Stetson, May 28, 1923.

LITERARY SOCIETIES

The Kent Club was established as a literary society, the membership and work of which are under the control of the students of the College of Law.

The Professor of Argumentation and of Public Speaking offers all possible encouragement and direction and, when requested, all needed assistance to the members of the Law School in the preparation and effective public presentation of debates, orations and other forms of public address.

UNIVERSITY PRIVILEGES

The advantages of the other departments of the University are open to such students in the College of Law as desire and are able to accept them. Courses in Political Economy, Logic, Rhetoric, and English Composition are particularly recommended to law students. No extra charge will be made for such courses, but students in the College of Law will be permitted to take them only by consent of the President.

DEGREES

The degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) will be conferred on the completion of the course of study previously outlined, provided the candidate satisfies the President that he is a person of worthy character. Students admitted to advanced standing may, if qualified, receive the degree after one year's residence, but in no case will the degree be granted unless the candidate is in actual residence during all of the senior year.

ADMISSION TO BAR

The graduates of the College of Law are licensed by the Supreme Court, without examination, to practice in all the Courts of Florida upon presenting their diplomas, duly issued by the proper authorities and upon furnishing satisfactory evidence that they are of good moral character.

UNIVERSITY CHARGES

<i>Student Budget</i> , for students residing in the dormitories, including tuition, which covers library, gymnasium, certain special lectures, etc., board, furnished room, fuel and lights:	Term of 12 Weeks	Less Than 12 Weeks Per Week
College of Liberal Arts -----	\$150.00	\$15.00
College of Engineering -----	150.00	15.00
College of Law -----	150.00	15.00
College of Business -----	150.00	15.00
College Preparatory -----	140.00	14.00
<i>Student Budget</i> for students not residing in the dormitories:		
College of Liberal Arts -----	50.00	5.00
College of Engineering -----	50.00	5.00
College of Law -----	50.00	5.00
College of Business -----	50.00	5.00
College Preparatory -----	35.00	3.50
<i>Other Charges</i> (not included in above budgets):		
Use of room alone in dormitories -----	18.00	1.50
Special examinations -----	2.00	
Changing class registration -----	1.00	
Graduating fee—College of Law -----	10.00	
Graduating fee—Business College -----	5.00	
Graduating fee—Other departments -----	5.00	

The text-books used in the department may be found in the Law Library, but it will be necessary for students to provide themselves with books for their daily use. The cost to students for books is about \$45.00 a year for each year of the course. As these books are very useful in beginning practice, the purchaser loses nothing. By purchasing second-hand books, and selling or exchanging, the item of cost of books can be materially reduced.

Students furnish their own napkins, towels, bed linens and comforters or blankets.

All University bills are payable by the term in advance.

For further information address the president of the University.

Alumni of the Law School

All Hold Degrees of LL.B.

CLASS OF 1902.

Name	Occupation	Address
Baker, William E.,	Attorney,	Gainesville, Fla.
Davis, Verling W.,	Attorney,	Robinson, Ill.
Fielding, Thomas W.,	Attorney,	Gainesville, Fla.
Fish, Bert,	Judge,	DeLand, Fla.
Pope, Frank W., Jr.,	Attorney,	Daytona, Fla.
Turner, Elbert D.,	Bank Cashier,	Gainesville, Fla.

CLASS OF 1903.

Calmes, Thomas C.,	Attorney,	Plant City, Fla.
DeCottes, George A.,	Attorney,	Sanford, Fla.
*Lenfesty, Sidney D.,		
McKinnon, Jas W.,	Attorney,	Madison, Fla.
*McKinney, Lehman,		
Reaves, O K.,	Attorney,	Tampa, Fla.

CLASS OF 1904.

Brumsey, J. Hall,	Attorney,	Tampa, Fla.
Butler, J. Turner,	State Senator,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Crawford, Wm. B.,	Prosecuting Attorney,	Kissimmee, Fla.
Merryday, Harold E.,	Attorney,	Palatka, Fla.
Powe, Edward L.,	Postmaster,	DeLand, Fla.
Van Sant, Nicholas G.,	Attorney,	Sterling, Ill.
Wilson Emmett,	Attorney,	Pensacola, Fla.
Wingood, Augustus S.,	Attorney,	Manatee, Fla.

CLASS OF 1905.

Bolles, George C.,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Blanton, Kelsey,	Attorney,	Lakeland, Fla.
Fee, Fred,	Atty (Judge, Legislator)	Fort Pierce, Fla.
Hutchinson, Ira A.,	State Attorney,	Chipley, Fla.
Johnson, William C.,	Legislator,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Scotfield, George W.,	State Attorney,	Inverness, Fla.
Wright, Silas B. Jr.,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.

*Deceased.

CLASS OF 1906.

Name	Occupation	Address
Auvil, Arthur L.,	Attorney,	Mayo, Fla.
Carter, Paul,	Attorney,	Marianna, Fla.
Conover, Geo. W.,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Duncan, Harry C.,	Attorney,	Tavares, Fla.
Gramling, John C.,	State Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
*Oates, Edward F., Ph.B.		
*Pinnell, Wesley P.		
Rodgers, David O.,	Attorney,	Lakeland, Fla.
Smith, Furman Y.,	Attorney,	Alachua, Fla.
*Voyle, Arthur E.		

CLASS OF 1907.

Campbell, J. Bowers,	County Judge,	Marianna, Fla.
Clayberg, H. Lawrence,	Attorney,	Helena, Mont.
Farnell, Russell W.,	Attorney,	Lake City, Fla.
Geiger, George W.,	Attorney and Judge,	Green Cove Springs, Fla.
Geiger, Roy S.,	Attorney,	Chicago, Ill.
Hamlin, Royal P., A.B.,	Attorney,	Tavares, Fla.
Kirby, William M.,	Attorney,	Springfield, S. D.
Leitner, George,	Attorney,	Arcadia, Fla.
McGeachy, Reuben A.,	Senator,	Milton, Fla.
Noble, Carl, A.B.,	U. S. Court Comm.,	Jacksonville, Fla.
*Pattishall, David F., B.S.		
Pelot, Chas. E., B.S.	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Singletary, Robt. W.,	Stenographer,	Chicago, Ill.
Wilder, Carney L., Jr.,	Attorney,	Plant City, Fla.

CLASS OF 1908.

Chapman, Roy H.,	Attorney,	Lake City, Fla.
McNeill, Alex. D.,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Romme, John H.,	Attorney,	Stamford, Conn.
Howarth, Mary S., A.B.,	Attorney,	Chester, Pa.
Williams, Joe H.,	Legislator,	Starke, Fla.

CLASS OF 1909.

Adams, J. Frank,	Attorney,	Blountstown, Fla.
Botts, Fred, B.S.,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Hull, D. C.,	Attorney,	DeLand, Fla.

CLASS OF 1910.

Cone, W. Branch,	Attorney,	Macclenny, Fla.
Duss, John S., Jr.,	Attorney,	New Smyrna, Fla.
Rowe, Marion G.,	Attorney,	Daytona, Fla.
Sams, Murray,	Attorney,	DeLand, Fla.

*Deceased.

CLASS OF 1911.

Name	Occupation	Address
Barnes, W. D. B.,	Attorney,	Asbury Park, N. J.
Broward, Dorcas,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Calhoun, Julian C.,	Mun. Judge,	Palatka, Fla.
Cassells, Edwin,	Attorney,	Plant City, Fla.
Douglass, E. Young,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Marion, Paul,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
McCaskill, George E.,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Peacock, John E.,	County Judge,	DeLand, Fla.
Robbins, R. McClellan,	Attorney,	Titusville, Fla.
Sellers, Roy V.,	Attorney,	St. Petersburg, Fla.

CLASS OF 1912.

McClure, Grover C.,	Attorney,	Ocala, Fla.
Stout, Robert Pollak,	Attorney,	Pensacola, Fla.
Strum, Louis Willard,	Assist. City Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Wentworth, A. D.,	Principal,	Lake Helen, Fla.
Whitsett, Harry Ernest,	Attorney,	Daytona, Fla.

CLASS OF 1913.

Anderson Robert H.,	Atty., Counsel F.E.C. R.R.	Jacksonville, Fla.
Barco, Samuel J.,	County Judge,	Miami, Fla.
Beardall, William,	Attorney,	Orlando, Fla.
*Bennett, William C.,		
Childers, Geo. E.,	Attorney,	Ft. Meade, Fla.
Gilpin, Samuel D.,	Attorney,	Philadelphia, Pa.
Hays, Thomas S.,	Attorney, City Clerk,	DeLand, Fla.
Howell, J. Clement,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Jones, Hugh G.,	Prosecuting Attorney,	Arcadia, Fla.
Mitchell, James I.,	Attorney,	Titusville, Fla.
Roberts, Ralph K.,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Scarlett, Joseph A. Jr.,	Attorney,	DeLand, Fla.
Stewart, Tom B.,	Attorney,	DeLand, Fla.
Vinson, E. A., Jr.	Attorney,	Pensacola, Fla.

CLASS OF 1914.

Campbell, Flavel M.,	Attorney,	Panama City, Fla.
Cullen, Frank,	Attorney,	Orlando, Fla.
Dunkle, D. F., A.B.,	Attorney,	W. Palm Beach, Fla.
Everson, Geo. P.,	Attorney,	Palatka, Fla.
Fisher, H. V., B.S.,	Attorney,	Philadelphia, Pa.
Gardiner, William J.,	Attorney,	Daytona, Fla.
*Marks, H. Clay, LL.B.,		

*Deceased.

Name	Occupation	Address
Moon, H. Davis,	Attorney,	Dunnellon, Fla.
Schulken, Frank,	Attorney,	Whiteville, N. C.
Simmons, J. P.,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Snedigar, Louis,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Swink, J. Herman,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Touchton, W. J.	Attorney,	Winter Haven, Fla.
Utech, William,	Attorney,	Sanford, Fla.
Varn, Claude G.,	Attorney,	Bunnell, Fla.
Weir, John M.,	Attorney,	Indianapolis, Ind.
Wideman, Frank, A. B.,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Wideman, Jerome,	Prosecuting Attorney,	W. Palm Beach, Fla.
Wilder, Guss, A. B.,	Attorney,	DeLand, Fla.
Willard, Benj.	Attorney, Legislator,	Miami, Fla.
Anderson, Marie Willard,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.

CLASS OF 1915.

Chapman, W. F.,	Attorney,	Wauchula, Fla.
Dineen, W. P.,	Attorney,	Palatka, Fla.
Dodge, J. P.,	Attorney,	St. Augustine, Fla.
Griffin, R. M.,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Hammond, Frank,	Banker,	Leesburg, Fla.
Kanner, A. O.,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Law, Annie Joe,	Attorney,	Brooksville, Fla.
Maines, Ira S.,	Attorney,	Sanford, Fla.
Peacock, H. Blaine,	Atty, Munic. Judge,	Tampa, Fla.
Philips, Chas. P.,	Attorney,	Palatka, Fla.
Roebuck, A. R.,	Attorney,	W. Palm Beach, Fla.
Sholtz, David,	Attorney,	Daytona, Fla.
Steed, Wm. J.,	Attorney,	Kissimmee, Fla.
Stewart, Howard P.,	Attorney,	DeLand, Fla.
Thomas, Elwyn,	Attorney,	Fort Pierce, Fla.
Tribble, L. H.,	Professor of Law,	DeLand, Fla.
Walker, Walter G.,	Attorney,	Marion, Ind.

CLASS OF 1916.

Baskin, Hamden,	Attorney,	Lakeland, Fla.
Beaulieu, Chester C.,	Attorney,	Minneapolis, Minn.
Bradley, Wylie,	Postoffice Clerk,	DeLand, Fla.
Brass, B. Franklin,	Attorney,	Daytona, Fla.
Canon, John J.,	Attorney,	Palatka, Fla.
Carver, Alva R.,	Attorney,	Lakeland, Fla.
Coleman, George W.,	Attorney,	W. Palm Beach, Fla.
Davis, Charles B.,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Donovan, Edward F.,	Attorney,	New York, N. Y.

Name	Occupation	Address
Haskins, Fairfax T.,	Attorney,	Sebring, Fla.
Hoffma, Edward, M.D.,	Attorney,	Grand Haven, Mich.
Hollander, William H.,	Attorney, Coach,	Univ. of California.
Jennings, S. Bryan,	Attorney and Trustee,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Junkin, Willis,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Klingler, Harry S., A.B.,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Koester, Rudolph,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Leonardy, John G.,	Attorney,	Sanford, Fla.
Lourcey, William M., Jr.,	Attorney,	Tulsa, Okla.
Odum, Guy B.,	Attorney,	DeLand, Fla.
Rivers, William E.,	Attorney,	High Springs, Fla.
Skinner, William J., P.D.,	Attorney,	Tampa, Fla.
Smith, A. H.,	Attorney,	Tampa, Fla.
Smith, Eston W., A.B.,	Attorney,	Valparaiso, Indiana.

CLASS OF 1917.

Gilman, Wayne,	Attorney,	Goodland, Ind.
Hale, Garland,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Jordan, Raymond,	Attorney,	DeLand, Fla.
Kelley, W. Arthur,	Attorney,	Bethesda, Ohio.
McCutcheon, T. C.,	Attorney,	St. Petersburg, Fla.
McIlvaine, T. W.,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Sherman, Gardner,	Attorney,	Winter Park, Fla.
Young, Montague,	Attorney,	Orlando, Fla.

CLASS OF 1918.

Bates, Anthony,		Ft. Worth, Texas.
Bradley, Geo. A.,	DeLand Post Office,	DeLand, Fla.
Caro, Forsythe,	Attorney,	Pensacola, Fla.
Caro, T. S.,	Attorney,	Pensacola, Fla.
Carpenter, J. A.,	Principal High School,	Callahan, Fla.
Curry, Earl L.,	Attorney,	Key West, Fla.
Feinberg, Samuel,	Attorney,	Dunnellon, Fla.
Gregory, Eugene P.,	Attorney,	Quincy, Fla.
Hazard, Julian L.,	County Judge,	Tampa, Fla.
Howes, Roy,	Professor,	Palo Alto, Cal.
Miller, Francis M.,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Roebuck, H. R.,	Attorney,	Stuart, Fla.
Webster, Benj. H.,	Attorney,	Bartow, Fla.

CLASS OF 1919.

Aronovitz, Abe,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Dowda, Thomas B.,	Attorney,	Palatka, Fla.
Evans, Evan T.,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.

Name	Occupation	Address
Harris, S. H.,	Attorney,	St. Petersburg, Fla.
Harris, John D.,	Attorney,	St. Petersburg, Fla.
Katz, Harry,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Kindred, Ella C.,	Not practicing.	New York.
Landis, Erskine,	With Landis, Fish & Hull	DeLand, Fla.
Mohr, Herman,	Attorney,	Apalachicola, Fla.
Murrell, John,	Attorney,	Lakeland, Fla.
Penecke, William,	Attorney,	Tampa, Fla.
Price, Reuben M.,	Attorney,	Bloomington, Ill.
Smith, Millard B.,	Attorney,	New Smyrna, Fla.
Wilson, Harold W.,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.

CLASS OF 1920.

Berk, S. Bernard,	Attorney,	Akron, Ohio.
Blakley, Norman,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Carpenter, J. Howard,	Attorney,	Ft. Pierce, Fla.
Everhart, Thos.,	Attorney,	Pensacola, Fla.
Gentner, Albert,	Attorney,	Portland, Oregon.
Gross, James Kerr,	Baseball,	Kansas City, Kansas.
Healy, Caroline,	Not practicing,	DeLand, Fla.
Howell, Theodore,	Attorney,	Orlando, Fla.
Lock, Edward,	Attorney,	Haines City, Fla.
Mott, Rafael,	County Solicitor,	DeLand, Fla.
Osteen, Edward,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Parker, Colvin,	Attorney,	St. Cloud, Fla.
Reese, Paschal,	Attorney,	W. Palm Beach, Fla.
Rogers, James,	Attorney,	Bushnell, Fla.
Rutherford, George,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
Thetford, Alphonso,	Attorney,	Sanford, Fla.

CLASS OF 1921.

Anderson, J. Leo,	Attorney,	Pensacola, Fla.
Baker, Richard M.,	Attorney,	Niagara Falls, N. Y.
Branch, Talton A.,	Attorney,	Tampa, Fla.
Calhoun, Randolph,	Attorney,	Marianna, Fla.
Hunter, Carl Lee,	Attorney,	Piggott, Ark.
Key, Richard G.,	Attorney,	
Minger, William C.,	Attorney,	Westville, Fla.
Murrell, William O.,	Attorney,	Tampa, Fla.
Parker, Locke E.,	Attorney,	Bartow, Fla.
Reidy, Thomas J. A.,	Attorney,	Sanford, Fla.
Sumner, Angus,	Attorney, Judge,	Ft. Pierce, Fla.
Whitehair, Francis,	Attorney,	DeLand, Fla.

CLASS OF 1922.

Name	Occupation	Address
Albritton, Paul Clyde,	Attorney,	Sarasota, Fla.
✓ Atkinson, Edith M.,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Byrnes, Daniel John,	Attorney,	Oldsmar, Fla.
Conely, John R.,	Attorney,	Marianna, Fla.
✓ Cooper, Marie Eleanor,	Attorney,	Cocoa, Fla.
Davis, Robert Clair,	Attorney,	Orlando, Fla.
Dressler, Adolph, Jr.,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Duncan, Robert H.,	Attorney,	Duncannon, Pa.
Haynes, Hal H.,	Attorney,	Chattanooga, Tenn.
Humphrey, J. Carence,	Attorney,	W. Palm Beach, Fla.
Knowles, Virgil E.,	Attorney,	Texas.
Kunkel, Rudolph E.,	Attorney,	W. Palm Beach, Fla.
Larkin, William M.,	Attorney,	Dade City, Fla.
Magruder, Clarence C.,	Attorney,	Orlando, Fla.
✓ Martin, Helen E.,	Attorney,	
Murray, Floyd W.,	Attorney,	Jacksonville, Fla.
McBrayer, James T.,	Attorney,	Palmetto, Fla.
Porter, Willard P.,	Attorney,	Chicago, Ill.
Raseo, Russell A.,	Attorney,	Sebring, Fla.
✓ Russell, Lelia,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.
Stebbins, Frank W.,	Attorney,	Okeechobee, Fla.
Thompson, Robert L.,	Attorney,	Miami, Fla.

The College Classes as of June 1, 1923

CLASS OF 1923.

Seniors

Name	Home Address	DeLand Residence
Bradley, Charles M.,	Lakeland, Fla.,	Conrad Hall.
Buck, Philip E.,	Jacksonville, Fla.,	Conrad Hall.
Callendar, Nelson R.,	St. Joseph, Mich.,	Sigma Nu House.
Chardkoff, Abraham,	Tampa, Fla.,	Conrad Hall.
Clarke, Arthur R.,	Hartford, Conn.,	Boulevard.
Collins, Leland S.,	Lima, Ohio,	Minnesota Ave.
Crim, Charles,	Fort Lauderdale, Fla.,	Phi Kappa Delta House.
Denicke, Armine,	Miami, Fla.,	Chaudoin Hall.
Drew, Edwin Harris,	West Palm Beach, Fla.,	Phi Kappa Delta House.
Edgar, Pendleton,	Sandwich, Mass.,	Boulevard.

Name	Home Address	DeLand Residence.
Enwright, Parker F.,	Harriman, Tenn.,	Wisconsin Ave.
Finney, Miriam,	DeLand, Fla.,	Boulevard.
Hardin, William G.,	Lakeland, Fla.,	Phi Kappa Delta House.
Hays, John P.,	DeLand, Fla.,	Clara Ave.
*Hendry, Snell, Jr.,	City Point, Fla.,	Phi Kappa Delta House.
Huie, Gordon,	Haines City, Fla.,	Sigma Nu House.
Hutchins, Victor,	Orlando, Fla.,	Conrad Hall.
Jarvis, Harry M.,	Winter Haven, Fla.,	Rich Ave.
Lanier, Marion,	Miami, Fla.,	Indiana Ave.
Lapham, Abbie,	Cocoa, Fla.,	Chaudoin Hall.
Miller, Rufus S.,	DeLand, Fla.,	Rich Ave.
Morgan, Frank C.,	Arcadia, Fla.,	Conrad Hall.
Murrell, Samuel E.,	Sanford, Fla.,	Boulevard.
Sampson, H. Reynolds,	Miami, Fla.,	Sigma Nu House.
Saunders, Julian L.,	Thomasville, Ga.,	Sigma Nu House.
Shepherd, Hall Edward,	New York City, N. Y.,	Conrad Hall.
Slosberg, Simeon,	Buffalo, N. Y.,	Rich Ave.
Smart, Alger,	Arcadia, Fla.,	Sigma Nu House.
Treadwell, John K.,	Arcadia, Fla.,	Conrad Hall.
Walden, Thomas W.,	Harbor View, Fla.,	Conrad Hall.
Ward, E. Berkeley,	Miami, Fla.,	Sigma Nu House.
White, Edward,	Miami, Fla.,	Sigma Nu House.

CLASS OF 1924.

Juniors

Boyle, Lloyd F.,	Oak Park, Ill.,	Sigma Nu House.
Canon, Job B.,	Palatka, Fla.,	Boulevard.
Carleton, Robey F.,	Detroit, Minn.,	Conrad Hall.
Edwards, Robert J.,	East Orange, N. J.,	Clara Ave.
Ellinor, L. B., Jr.,	Havana, Fla.,	Phi Kappa Delta House.
Fielding, William S.,	Sarasota, Fla.	
Ford, Roger F.,	Lakeland, Fla.,	Conrad Hall.
Hays, Gordon,	Arcadia, Fla.,	Sigma Nu House.
Hazard, Florence M.,	Tampa, Fla.,	Chaudoin Hall.
Herbert, Carroll,	Miami, Fla.,	Conrad Hall.
Hill, Nelson P. W.,	Los Angeles, Cal.,	Minnesota Ave.
Hobson, Frank,	Jacksonville, Fla.,	Sigma Nu House.
Holcomb, Kenneth R.,	Albion, N. Y.,	Boulevard.
Huie, J. H.,	Haines City, Fla.,	Sigma Nu House.
Huntley, Royal M.,	Tampa, Fla.,	Minnesota Ave.
Kennedy, W. T.,	Fort Lauderdale, Fla.,	Conrad Hall.
McMurrin, Robert F.,	Portsmouth, Va.,	Conrad Hall.

*Deceased.

Name	Home Address	DeLand Residence
Pharr, Otis N.,	Dacula, Ga.,	Boulevard.
Runyon, Carroll R.,	Plainfield, N. J.,	Conrad Hall.
Strohl, Lee R.,	Bethlehem, Pa.	
Way, Robert Wilson,	Sewickley, Pa.,	Phi Kappa Delta House.
Williams, Emily S.,	Tamaqua, Pa.,	Voorhis Ave.

CLASS OF 1925.

Sophomores

Anson, Raymond T.	Hawkins, Isaac W.	Peterson, E. T.
Ashcraft, H. B.	Hooper, W. S.	Reed, Francis.
Baskin, J. A.	Hunter, Eleanor.	Reid, Augustus B.
Clark, Edward W.	Huntley, Royal N.	Rodes, Charles.
Costar, C. B.	Hyer, J. H.	Riette, Lewis.
Davis, W. E.	Jackson, Fred L.	Rodgers, J. W.
Doyle, J. V.	Layton, Lloyd.	Scott, H. J.
Felton, A. M.	LePla, Joseph H.	Smith, Edward P.
Gilfillan, G. A. R.	McLain, F. P.	Smith, W. H.
Griffin, W. E.	McPherson, Samuel G.	Stanley, W. A.
Gunby, W. S.	Meadows, A. T.	Steele, T. A.
Gunby, D. K.	Moritz, P. H.	Tatum, S. T.
Hand, Geo. P.	Mulberg, Arthur.	Vaughn, T. L.
Harton, Leon J.	Odom, John S.	Weston, E. C.

JOHN B. STETSON UNIVERSITY

FOUR COLLEGES AND FIVE TECHNICAL SCHOOLS

DeLand, Florida

COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS.—The standards for admission are 16 Carnegie units. The standards for graduation are those of any first class American College. The highest grade college instruction is given. Best equipment. Separate dormitories for men and women.

COLLEGE OF LAW.—Three professors who are College of Law Graduates, give their time to instruction in this department. Magnificent Law Library, Practice Court Rooms, Class Rooms and Debating Club Rooms.

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND SCHOOL OF MECHANIC ARTS.—Mechanical, Civil, Electrical and Chemical Engineering and Manual Training courses leading to degrees. Fine new building, costly equipment.

TEACHERS' COLLEGE.—Leads to a degree. The entire equipment of the College of Liberal Arts, the Normal School and the Model School is used for the benefit of those pursuing this course.

COLLEGE OF BUSINESS.—Banking in all its branches. Bookkeeping by best methods. Shorthand and Typewriting. Elective courses open in other departments. Large faculty and commodious building.

PREPARATORY ACADEMY.—Graduates prepared to enter Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Cornell, Michigan, Chicago, and all first-class colleges.

NORMAL SCHOOL.—This school especially prepares Public School teachers.

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