Collection Development Policy, Digital Media

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Collection Development Policy: Digital Media

College and School: School of Visual Arts & Design, College of Arts and Humanites
Drafted by: Athena Hoeppner
Date drafted: December 2008. Revised April 2015

Collection Purpose
The primary purpose of this collection is to serve the instructional and research needs of the faculty in the Department of Digital Media, students taking courses required to fulfill the degree requirements, or those simply taking selected classes as electives. The main areas of study include game design and development, digital art and animation, programming for games and graphics, and production of games, interactive web sites and systems and animated videos. The curriculum emphasizes technique and production.

Degree Programs
The Digital Media program proposal was prepared in 1999 and the undergraduate degree was approved in 2000. In 2005, Florida Interactive Entertainment Academy (FIEA) opened in the Center for Emerging Media, and Digital Media graduate degrees were approved in 2006. In the mid 2010’s Digital Media and FIEA became part of the School of Visual Arts and Design in the College of Arts and Humanities.

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<tr>
<th>FTE in CIP 50.0102</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2010/11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Undergraduate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
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Data source: Interactive University Data, Florida Board of Governors.
http://www.flbog.org/resources/iud

Bachelor Degrees
- Digital Media
  - Digital Interactive Systems
  - Visual Language Track
  - Game Design Track
  - Web Design Track
- Digital Media (Minor)

Master Degrees
- Digital Media
  - Entrepreneurial Digital Cinema Track (M.F.A.)
  - Visual Language and Interactive Media Track (M.F.A.)
- Interactive Entertainment (M.S.) (FIEA)

Collection Description
Digital Media is a discipline in its own right, with its own literature and Library of Congress Classification Number (LCCN) ranges. However, it is extraordinarily interdisciplinary, with close ties to Art, Computer Science, Simulation, English, Film, and Music. Specific aspects of Digital Media, including Business and Industry, Communications, Education, Humanities, Legal, Philosophy and Ethics, Psychology, Public Policy, and Social aspects, are generally included in the literature of those disciplines. The table below shows the LCCN ranges that tend to have the highest concentration of Digital Media materials. Relevant items that fall outside of these ranges can be identified with topical searches.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Call Number Range</th>
<th>Approximate Number of Items</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GV1469</td>
<td>Computer and Video games. Criticism and interpretation, Social aspects. 250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC1765</td>
<td>Animated films. Animation techniques. 27</td>
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<tr>
<td>QA76.575</td>
<td>Multimedia production and techniques. 635</td>
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<tr>
<td>QA76.76.C672</td>
<td>Computer graphics, Game development. Programming guides and technique. 447</td>
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<tr>
<td>T385</td>
<td>Computer graphics, and Video art. 1678</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TR897.7</td>
<td>Computer animation 478</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**Periodicals**
The Libraries currently subscribe to 44 journals relevant to Digital Media, 26 of which are online subscriptions. In addition, an unknown but large number of relevant journals and magazines are available online via EBSCOhost, ProQuest, Wilson, Gale, and other aggregator subscriptions.

ACM Transactions on Applied Perception
ACM Transactions on Graphics
ACM Transactions on Multimedia
Computing Communications and Applications
Advances in Computer Graphics
American Cinematographer
American Cinemeditor
Animation
Animation Magazine
Asia Image
Cadalyst
Cadalyst
Camcorder & Computer Video
Cinefex
Computer Animation and Virtual Worlds
Computer Gaming World
Computer Graphics
Computer Graphics and Image Processing
Computer Graphics Forum
Computer Graphics World
Computer Vision and Image Understanding
Computer Vision, Graphics, and Image Processing

Computers & Graphics
Computers in Entertainment
CVGIP
DV
Early Popular Visual Culture
Electronic Gaming Monthly
Emediaweekly
Games and Culture
Graphical Models
Graphical Models and Image Processing
IEEE Computer Graphics and Applications
IEEE Multimedia
IEEE Transactions on Multimedia
International Journal of Computer Vision
Journal of Graphics Tools
Journal of Visualization and Computer Animation
Millimeter
Multimedia Systems
Multimedia Tools and Applications
Multimedia World
Post
Rendering Techniques
Visual Computer
Conferences, symposia, and workshops are also important for Digital Media, and the Libraries collects 34 relevant proceedings.

**Databases**

There are no databases exclusively focused on Digital Media, but many sources index and provide full text to relevant articles on the production, use of, and business of Digital media.

- ABI Inform
- Academic Search Premier
- ACM Digital Library
- Art Full Text and Art Index Retrospective
- Business Source Premier
- Compendex (Ei Village)
- Computer and Information Systems
- ERIC
- IEEE Xplore
- MLA International Bibliography
- Project Muse
- PsycInfo

**Media**

DVDs, streaming media, and other video recordings are primary materials for digital media. The film collection, which includes approximately 4,500 feature films, serves both Film and Digital Media in this regard. The Libraries actively strives to update the formats and content of the collection. In 2012 the Libraries sought and was awarded a Technology fee to replace high-use VHS with DVD and Blu-Ray versions of the same content.

The Libraries purchased access to Alexander Street Press video collections including two with content closely related to the interests of digital media:

- **Filmmakers Library Online**
- **New World Cinema: Independent Features and Shorts, 1990–Present**

Many primary materials for digital media are interactive, such as computer games, simulations, and simulated experiences, and are difficult to collect. Simulations and simulated experiences are generally not collectable except as recordings of the experiences, and the recordings are not generally available. Computer games are licensed for individuals, not institutions, and the digital rights management (DRM) is problematic for libraries.

Console games (i.e., Xbox, Wii, Playstation) are more feasible because they come on discs or cartridges which may be loaned similarly to books. The game is not permanently copied to the console – it is only playable while the game disc is in the console.

The Libraries does not currently own any computer or console games, but may explore building a game collection in the future specifically to support Digital Media by providing primary materials. The collection would focus on games that are important because of their impact on the industry, their notable design or story, or their specific relevance to UCF’s Digital Media program. Options to collect games include purchasing console games, installing a limited number of games on specific PCs, or negotiating with gaming companies for online accounts that multiple students can use from designated PCs.

**Cooperative Arrangements and Related Collections**

The UCF Library benefits from agreements with several regional and national consortia: the State University Libraries of Florida (SUL); the Central Florida Library Cooperative (CFLC); the Florida Library Information Network (FLIN); the Association of Southeastern Research Libraries (ASERL); the Southeastern Library Network (SOLINET); SOLINE; SO6; and OCLC. The primary resource sharing service is Interlibrary Loan. The library also serves branch campus locations through Interlibrary Loan and through a courier service. The library negotiates
discounted pricing for many electronic databases as a participant in the Florida Center for Library Automation (FCLA).

**Funding History**
The School of Film and Digital Media provided $18,000 for three fiscal years (05/06, 06/07, 08/09) to funding the acquisition of a collection is support of the graduate degrees introduced in 2006. The Libraries provides funds, every fiscal year and some materials are acquired through approvals, gifts, standing orders, and serials, which are paid for from separate funds.

**Collection Development Guidelines**

**Subject Treatment**
Digital Media is a multidisciplinary field, and the benefits from synergies with the Art, Film, Computer Science, and Simulation collections. That said, it is a discipline with materials requirements that will not be filled through the other subject collections. The Libraries will select research level materials in the following areas:
- Simulation and interactive media in general;
- Visual language, especially relating to digital art and interactive media;
- Storytelling and narrative, especially relating to interactive media and video;
- Human behavior and human computer interaction relating to interactive media and video;
- Criticism and interpretation of digital media of all sorts.

Because Digial Media has a strong production emphasis, the Libraries also purchases a professional-level materials for:
- Computer games, simulation, and video production;
- Business and industry relating to computer games, videos, and interactive media.

**Emphases and Restrictions**

**Chronology and Publication Dates**
Computer technology, the internet, and the social significance games and digital media are rapidly changing. Contemporary materials are emphasized. Given the relative newness of the field, historical materials do not exist except in the study of narrative and aesthetics.

**Geography**
No restrictions on geography. The concept of geography is almost irrelevant to Digital Media, but may come into play when focusing on human behavior, social differences, and psychology.

**Languages**
The collection focus is on English, but some foreign language materials may be acquired when deemed appropriate.

**Material**
The portion of the collection most relevant to Digital Media consists primarily of online and print books and journals, DVDs, databases, and a growing collection of streaming video. The Libraries also provides microform, photographs, primary and archival material, rare
books and manuscripts, government publications, and dissertations and theses. Currently, the Libraries does not hold a collection of computer games as primary materials for the field.

**Collection Management Guidelines**

- **Replacement** – Any item that appears on the LOST titles sheets distributed by the Circulation Department to the collection development librarian will be considered for replacement. The title may be ordered directly from the Collection Development replacement fund at the discretion of the Head of Acquisitions and the Collection Development Librarian for Digital Media if the title is needed for the collection. Outdated or superseded editions and formats will not be reordered unless there is some unique feature in the superseded edition.

- **Retention & Deselection** – The decision to dispose of certain items takes into account such factors as past circulation, date of publication, nature of the material, format, and the judgment of interested faculty members as to the continued usefulness of the material to their subject areas. In general, materials in the collections are rarely withdrawn unless they are in poor condition or the format is no longer supported. Those in poor condition and unsupported formats are replaced as funding permits.

- **Out-of-Print** – Little effort will be made to acquire out-of-print books, given the emphasis on currency. However, DVDs and media tend to have more lasting relevance as primary materials for the field. Out of print media can be found on Amazon and other Internet sources. As with other acquisitions, out-of-print titles will be acquired if there is a clear need to have the specific item in the collection and the price is reasonable.

- **Preservation** – While general preservation issues do apply for the print Digital Media collection, the rapidly changing field has little need for its older print sources. A greater challenge for the field is how to preserve the primary sources, which tend to be digital and may include video material of all formats, software, and web content. Librarianship currently has no widely-used feasible approach to preservation for such materials, and the UCF Libraries has no local plan. The Libraries should be aware of preservation options as they emerge and move on specific approaches that seem feasible.